### THIS CIRCULAR IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

If you are in any doubt about this circular or as to the action to be taken, you should consult your licensed securities dealer, bank manager, solicitor, professional accountant or other professional adviser.

If you have sold or transferred all your shares in CNT Group Limited (the "Company"), you should at once hand this circular, together with the accompanying form of proxy, to the purchaser or transferee or to the bank, licensed securities dealer or other agent through whom the sale or the transfer was effected for transmission to the purchaser or transferee.

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# PROPOSALS FOR RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS, GRANTING OF GENERAL MANDATES TO ISSUE AND BUY BACK SHARES, AMENDMENTS TO THE EXISTING BYE-LAWS AND ADOPTION OF THE NEW AMENDED AND RESTATED BYE-LAWS AND NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

A notice convening an annual general meeting of the Company to be held at 31st Floor, CNT Tower, 338 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong on Tuesday, 6 June 2023 at 11:00 a.m. is set out in Appendix IV to this circular. A form of proxy for use at the annual general meeting is enclosed with this circular. Such form of proxy is also published on the websites of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (www.cntgroup.com.hk). Whether or not you are able to attend the annual general meeting, please complete and sign the accompanying form of proxy in accordance with the instructions printed thereon and return it to the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong as soon as possible but in any event not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the annual general meeting or any adjournment thereof (as the case may be). Completion and return of the form of proxy will not preclude shareholders from attending and voting in person at the meeting or any adjournment thereof if they so wish.

# CONTENTS

### Page

Definitions		1
Letter from	the Board	
1.	Introduction	3
2.	Re-election of Directors	4
3.	General Mandates to Issue and Buy Back Shares	4
4.	Amendments to the Existing Bye-laws and Adoption of the New Amended and Restated Bye-laws	5
5.	AGM	5
6.	Listing Rules Requirement	6
7.	Recommendation	6
8.	Further Information	6
Appendix I	- Details of Directors Proposed to be Re-elected	7
Appendix II	E – Explanatory Statement on Buy-back Mandate	9
Appendix II	II – Proposed Amendments to the Existing Bye-laws	12
Appendix IV	V – Notice of Annual General Meeting	76

# DEFINITIONS

In this circular, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

"Adoption of the New Amended and Restated Bye-laws"	the proposed adoption of the new amended and restated Bye-laws incorporating and consolidating all the proposed amendments to the existing Bye-laws as set out in Appendix III to this circular;
"AGM"	the annual general meeting of the Company to be held at 31st Floor, CNT Tower, 338 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong on Tuesday, 6 June 2023 at 11:00 a.m. to consider and, if appropriate, to approve the resolutions as set out in the notice of AGM, which is appended to this circular, or any adjournment thereof;
"Board"	the board of directors of the Company;
"Buy-back Mandate"	the general mandate to buy back Shares;
"Bye-laws"	the bye-laws of the Company and as amended from time to time;
"close associate(s)"	has the same meaning as defined in the Listing Rules;
"Company"	CNT Group Limited (北海集團有限公司), a company incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability and the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange;
"core connected person(s)"	has the same meaning as defined in the Listing Rules;
"Director(s)"	the director(s) of the Company;
"Group"	the Company and its subsidiaries;
"HK\$"	Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency for the time being of Hong Kong;
"Hong Kong"	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China;
"Latest Practicable Date"	18 April 2023, being the latest practicable date prior to the printing of this circular for ascertaining certain information referred to in this circular;

# DEFINITIONS

"Listing Rules"	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange;
"SFO"	the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) as amended, supplemented or modified from time to time;
"Share(s)"	ordinary share(s) in the capital of the Company with a par value of HK\$0.10 each (or such other prevailing par value from time to time);
"Shareholder(s)"	holder(s) of Shares;
"Stock Exchange"	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited;
"Takeovers Codes"	The Codes on Takeovers and Mergers and Share Buy-backs issued by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong, as amended, supplemented or modified from time to time; and
"%"	per cent.



(Stock Code: 701)

**Executive Directors** Tsui Yam Tong, Terry (Chairman) Chong Chi Kwan (Managing Director)

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Tsui Ho Chuen, Philip Zhang Yulin

### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Ko Kwok Fai, Dennis Huang De Rui Zhang Xiaojing Lin Yingru Cheng Wai Po, Samuel Registered Office Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

### **Principal Office**

Unit E, 28th Floor CNT Tower 338 Hennessy Road Wanchai Hong Kong

26 April 2023

To the Shareholders

Dear Sir or Madam,

# PROPOSALS FOR RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS, GRANTING OF GENERAL MANDATES TO ISSUE AND BUY BACK SHARES, AMENDMENTS TO THE EXISTING BYE-LAWS AND ADOPTION OF THE NEW AMENDED AND RESTATED BYE-LAWS AND NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

### 1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this circular is to provide you with the notice of the AGM and information in respect of the (a) ordinary resolutions to be proposed at the AGM for the approval of (i) the re-election of Directors at the AGM; (ii) the granting of the general mandates to issue and buy back Shares; and (b) the special resolution to be proposed at the AGM for the approval of the amendments to the existing Bye-laws and the Adoption of the New Amended and Restated Bye-laws.

### LETTER FROM THE BOARD

### 2. **RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS**

In accordance with the Bye-laws, Mr. Tsui Yam Tong, Terry shall hold office until the AGM and Mr. Ko Kwok Fai, Dennis, Ms. Lin Yingru and Mr. Cheng Wai Po, Samuel shall retire by rotation at the AGM and, being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election at the AGM. Details of the Directors proposed for re-election are set out in Appendix I to this circular.

Each of Mr. Ko Kwok Fai, Dennis, Ms. Lin Yingru and Mr. Cheng Wai Po, Samuel, being independent non-executive Directors, has made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board is of the view that each of Mr. Ko, Ms. Lin and Mr. Cheng meets the independence guideline set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and is independent in accordance with the terms of the guideline. Considering that Mr. Ko, Ms. Lin and Mr. Cheng possess extensive knowledge and skills in their respective areas, on the recommendation of the nomination committee of the Board, the Board believes that their re-election of independent non-executive Directors can continue to bring contribution to the Board and its diversity and thus recommends them for re-election at the AGM.

### 3. GENERAL MANDATES TO ISSUE AND BUY BACK SHARES

The existing general mandates granted to the Directors to issue and buy back Shares will expire at the conclusion of the AGM. To renew these general mandates, ordinary resolutions will be proposed at the AGM that: (i) the Board be granted a general mandate to allot and issue new Shares up to a maximum of 20% of the total number of the Shares in issue as at the date of passing of such resolution; (ii) the Board be granted a general mandate to exercise all the powers of the Company to buy back Shares up to a maximum of 10% of the total number of the Shares in issue as at the date of passing of such resolution; and (iii) the allotment mandate be extended by adding the number of the Shares bought back by the Company pursuant to the Buy-back Mandate to the total number of the Shares in issue to be allotted and issued pursuant to the allotment mandate.

The Board wishes to state that, as at the Latest Practicable Date, it has no immediate plans to issue any new Share or to buy back any existing Shares.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, the number of the Shares in issue was 1,903,685,690. On the basis that no further Share will be issued or bought back prior to the AGM, the maximum number of Shares under the general mandate to allot and issue new Shares of not exceeding 20% of the total number of the Shares in issue as at the date of the AGM, if approved, shall be 380,737,138.

The Directors propose to seek the approval of the Shareholders for the granting to the Directors of the general mandates to issue and buy back Shares.

An explanatory statement as required under the Listing Rules to provide the requisite information concerning the Buy-back Mandate is set out in Appendix II to this circular.

# 4. AMENDMENTS TO THE EXISTING BYE-LAWS AND ADOPTION OF THE NEW AMENDED AND RESTATED BYE-LAWS

On 1 January 2022, the Listing Rules were amended by, among others, adopting a uniform set of 14 core standards for shareholder protections for issuers regardless of their place of incorporation set out in Appendix 3 to the Listing Rules. The Board proposes to make certain amendments to the existing Bye-laws to conform to the said core standards for shareholder protections, providing flexibility to the Company in relation to the conduct of general meetings (including allowing the general meetings to be held as hybrid meetings or electronic meetings in addition to physical meetings) and to incorporate certain housekeeping changes. The Board also proposes to adopt a new set of amended and restated Bye-laws in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the existing Bye-laws.

Details of the proposed amendments to the existing Bye-laws are set out in Appendix III to this circular. The Chinese translation of the proposed amendments to the existing Bye-laws set out in the Chinese version of this circular is for reference only. In case of any discrepancy or inconsistency, the English version of the proposed amendments to the existing Bye-laws shall prevail.

The legal advisers of the Company as to the laws of Hong Kong have confirmed to the Company that the proposed amendments to the existing Bye-laws comply with the requirements of the Listing Rules and the legal advisers of the Company as to the laws of Bermuda have confirmed to the Company that the proposed amendments to the existing Bye-laws do not contravene or violate the applicable laws of Bermuda. In addition, the Company has confirmed to the Stock Exchange that there is nothing unusual about the proposed amendments to the existing Bye-laws.

The proposed amendments to the existing Bye-laws and the Adoption of the New Amended and Restated Bye-laws are subject to the approval of the Shareholders by way of a special resolution at the AGM.

### 5. AGM

A notice convening the AGM to be held on Tuesday, 6 June 2023 at 11:00 a.m. at 31st Floor, CNT Tower, 338 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong is set out in Appendix IV to this circular.

A form of proxy for use at the AGM is enclosed with this circular. The form of proxy, in order to be valid, must be completed and deposited in accordance with the instructions printed thereon not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM or any adjournment thereof (as the case may be). Completion and return of the form of proxy will not preclude the Shareholders from attending and voting at the AGM or any adjournment thereof in person if you so wish.

### 6. LISTING RULES REQUIREMENT

According to Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, any vote of shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll except where the chairman, in good faith, decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands. Therefore, all the proposed resolutions of the Company put to the vote at the AGM will be taken by way of poll.

### 7. **RECOMMENDATION**

The Directors consider that the re-election of Directors, the granting of the general mandates to issue and buy back Shares and the amendments to the existing Bye-laws and the Adoption of the New Amended and Restated Bye-laws are in the best interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. The Directors therefore recommend the Shareholders to vote in favour of each of the relevant resolutions as set out in the notice of the AGM.

### 8. FURTHER INFORMATION

Your attention is drawn to the additional information set out in the Appendices to this circular.

Yours faithfully, On behalf of the Board CNT Group Limited Tsui Yam Tong, Terry Chairman

### **APPENDIX I**

Stated below are the details of the Directors proposed to be re-elected at the AGM:

### 1. Mr. Tsui Yam Tong, Terry (徐蔭堂), aged 77, Chairman and Executive Director

Mr. Tsui joined the Group in July 1987 and was appointed the chairman and executive Director in December 2022. He also holds directorship with several subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Tsui was an executive Director from April 1991 to January 2013 and was appointed as a managing director of the Company from April 2002 to January 2013. He was a senior consultant of the Company from January 2013 to December 2022. He has more than 50 years of experience in administration and management. Mr. Tsui is the uncle of Mr. Tsui Ho Chuen, Philip, the non-executive Director. Mr. Tsui has no service agreement with the Company and he is not appointed for a specific term but is subject to re-election at least once every three years pursuant to the Bye-laws. For the year ended 31 December 2022, no remuneration or director's fee was paid to Mr. Tsui.

### 2. Mr. Ko Kwok Fai, Dennis (高國輝), aged 57, Independent Non-executive Director

Mr. Ko was appointed an independent non-executive Director in October 2019. He has over 31 years of experience in management and accounting, and gained his audit experience with a major international accounting firm early in his career. Mr. Ko obtained a master of arts degree in comparative and public history from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 2008 and a bachelor of arts (honours) degree in accountancy from City University of Hong Kong in 1994. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Ko was an independent non-executive director of Aeso Holding Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 8341), from June 2017 to April 2019. As at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Ko has interests in 503,374 Shares, representing 0.026% of the total number of the Shares in issue, within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO. Mr. Ko has no service agreement with the Company and he is not appointed for a specific term but is subject to re-election at least once every three years pursuant to the Bye-laws. For the year ended 31 December 2022, the remuneration, being the director's fee, paid to Mr. Ko was HK\$200,000.

#### 3. Ms. Lin Yingru (林瑩如), aged 64, Independent Non-executive Director

Ms. Lin was appointed an independent non-executive Director in July 2019. She has over 31 years of experience in aviation and business management. Ms. Lin currently is a council member of Xiamen Alumni Association, Xiamen University. During the period from 1984 to 2013, she held various positions at Xiamen Airlines Co., Ltd. including manager of foreign affairs, chief administrative officer, deputy director of general office and consultant. Ms. Lin obtained a bachelor of arts degree in English language and literature from the Department of Foreign Languages of Xiamen University. Ms. Lin has no service agreement with the Company and she is not appointed for a specific term but is subject to re-election at least once every three years pursuant to the Bye-laws. For the year ended 31 December 2022, the remuneration, being the director's fee, paid to Ms. Lin was HK\$100,000.

### **APPENDIX I**

### 4. Mr. Cheng Wai Po, Samuel (鄭偉波), aged 63, Independent Non-executive Director

Mr. Cheng was appointed an independent non-executive Director in October 2019. He has 27 years of experience in the public transport industry in Hong Kong. Mr. Cheng was the managing director of Citybus Limited and New World First Bus Services Limited from March 2006 to March 2019. He was also an executive director of Kwoon Chung Bus Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 306), from June 2004 to May 2014. Prior to joining the public transport industry, he had worked in an international accounting firm. Mr. Cheng obtained a bachelor of social sciences degree from the University of Hong Kong. He is a fellow member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Cheng has no service agreement with the Company and he is not appointed for a specific term but is subject to re-election at least once every three years pursuant to the Bye-laws. For the year ended 31 December 2022, the remuneration, being the director's fee, paid to Mr. Cheng was HK\$100,000.

The remuneration of the executive Directors is determined by the remuneration committee of the Board and the remuneration of the non-executive Directors is determined by the Board on the recommendation of the remuneration committee of the Board, by reference to their duties and responsibilities, performance, experiences, time commitment, market conditions and the corporate goals and objectives as set by the Board.

The Stock Exchange publicly censured Mr. Tsui Yam Tong, Terry in December 1999 for breaches of the Listing Rules as a result of dealings in the Shares by the trustee of a discretionary trust in which Mr. Tsui by then was a discretionary beneficiary during the dealing prohibition period. The Stock Exchange considered that he had an obligation to inform the trustee not to deal when necessary.

The following companies incorporated in Hong Kong, in which Mr. Tsui was a director, had been put into receiverships or creditors' or compulsory winding up: Champion Rich Investment Limited (property holding and investment, appointment of receivers over charged properties for HK\$64,803,777.28 plus costs of interests on 25 May 1999 and settlement and cessation of receiverships on 29 December 1999), Chrysanthemum Chinese Restaurant Limited (restaurant operation, commencement of creditors' voluntary winding up on 5 February 1999 and dissolution on 15 May 2001), Happy Trade Limited (investment holding, appointment of receivers over charged property and commencement of compulsory winding up on 10 September 1999 and 17 November 1999 respectively and dissolution on 7 June 2003) and Oriental Property Maintenance Limited (provision of property maintenance service, commencement of winding up by court on 8 January 2003 and dissolution on 7 October 2009).

Save as disclosed above, there is no other information required to be disclosed pursuant to any of the requirements of Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules and there is no other matter that needs to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders.

### APPENDIX II EXPLANATORY STATEMENT ON BUY-BACK MANDATE

This Appendix serves as an explanatory statement required by the Listing Rules to provide the Shareholders with the information reasonably necessary to enable the Shareholders to make an informed decision on whether to vote for or against the Buy-back Mandate.

#### **1. SHARE CAPITAL**

As at the Latest Practicable Date, the Company had 1,903,685,690 Shares in issue.

Subject to the passing of the relevant resolution and on the basis that no further Share is issued or bought back prior to the AGM, the Company would be allowed under the Buy-back Mandate to buy back a maximum of 190,368,569 Shares representing 10% of the total number of the Shares in issue as at the date of the AGM. The Shares proposed to be bought back by the Company must be fully-paid up.

The Buy-back Mandate may continue in force until the earliest of: (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company; (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by law to be held; and (iii) the revocation or variation of the Buy-back Mandate by ordinary resolution of the Shareholders in general meeting.

#### 2. REASONS FOR BUY-BACKS

Although the Directors have no present intention to buy back any Shares, they believe that it is in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole for the Directors to have a general authority from the Shareholders to enable the Directors to buy back Shares on the market. Such buy-backs may, depending on market conditions and funding arrangements at the time, lead to an enhancement of the net assets and/or earnings per Share and will only be made when the Directors believe that such a buy-back will benefit the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

#### **3.** FUNDING OF BUY-BACKS

In buying back Shares, the Company may only apply funds legally available for such purpose in accordance with the memorandum of association of the Company, the Bye-laws and the laws of Bermuda. It is presently proposed that any buy-back under the Buy-back Mandate would be bought back out of the capital paid up on the bought-back Shares, the profits of the Company which would otherwise be available for dividend, the Company's share premium account and/or contributed surplus account in each case to the extent as permitted by the laws of Bermuda.

There might be an adverse impact on the working capital or gearing position of the Company as compared with the position disclosed in the audited financial statements contained in the Company's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2022 in the event that the Buy-back Mandate was to be carried out in full at any time during the proposed buy-back period. However, the Directors do not propose to exercise the Buy-back Mandate to such extent as would, in the circumstances, have a material adverse effect on the working capital requirements of the Company or the gearing levels of the Company which in the opinion of the Directors are from time to time appropriate for the Company.

### APPENDIX II EXPLANATORY STATEMENT ON BUY-BACK MANDATE

### 4. SHARE PRICES

The highest and lowest prices at which the Shares were traded on the Stock Exchange during each of the previous twelve months before the Latest Practicable Date were as follows:

	Share price	
	Highest	Lowest
	HK\$	HK\$
2022		
April	0.410	0.375
May	0.430	0.375
June	0.410	0.365
July	0.380	0.365
August	0.380	0.355
September	0.380	0.365
October	0.400	0.355
November	0.380	0.355
December	0.420	0.360
2023		
January	0.380	0.365
February	0.385	0.370
March	0.385	0.370
April (up to the Latest Practicable Date)	0.415	0.370

#### 5. UNDERTAKING

The Directors have undertaken to the Stock Exchange that they will exercise the powers of the Company to make buy-backs in accordance with the Listing Rules and the applicable laws of Bermuda so far as the same may be applicable and in accordance with the regulations set out in the memorandum of association of the Company and the Bye-laws.

None of the Directors nor, to the best of their knowledge having made all reasonable enquiries, their close associates have any present intention to sell any of the Shares to the Company under the Buy-back Mandate if such is approved by the Shareholders.

No core connected persons of the Company have notified the Company that they have a present intention to sell any of the Shares to the Company, or have undertaken not to do so, in the event that the Buy-back Mandate is approved by the Shareholders.

### APPENDIX II EXPLANATORY STATEMENT ON BUY-BACK MANDATE

### 6. TAKEOVERS CODES

If on exercise of the powers to buy back Shares pursuant to the Buy-back Mandate, a Shareholder's proportionate interest in the voting rights of the Company increases, such increase will be treated as an acquisition of voting rights for the purpose of the Takeovers Codes. Accordingly, a Shareholder or a group of Shareholders acting in concert (within the meaning under the Takeovers Codes), depending on the level of increase in the Shareholders' interest, could obtain or consolidate control of the Company and thereby become obliged to make a mandatory offer in accordance with Rule 26 of the Takeovers Codes.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, to the best knowledge and belief of the Directors, Prime Surplus Limited is the largest Shareholder beneficially interested in 531,021,620 Shares, representing approximately 27.89% of the total number of Shares in issue of the Company. Mr. Tsui Ho Chuen, Philip is the sole director and shareholder of Prime Surplus Limited. In the event that the Buy-back Mandate is exercised in full and no further Share is issued during the proposed buy-back period, the beneficial interest of Prime Surplus Limited in the total number of Shares in issue of the Company will increase to approximately 30.99%, and an obligation to make a general offer to Shareholders may arise as a result. The Directors have no present intention to exercise the Buy-back Mandate to such an extent as would result in any takeover obligation.

### 7. SHARE BUY-BACKS MADE BY THE COMPANY

The Company did not buy back any of the Shares (whether on the Stock Exchange or otherwise) in the past six months preceding the Latest Practicable Date.

Details of the proposed amendments to the existing Bye-laws are set out as follows:

#### AMENDED AND RESTATED BYE-LAWS

OF

#### **CNT GROUP LIMITED**

(Adopted by Special Resolution passed on 2 May 1991) (Amended by Special Resolution passed on 28 June 1995) (Amended by Special Resolution passed on 28 June 2002) (Amended by Special Resolution passed on 8 June 2004) (Amended by Special Resolution passed on 14 June 2006) (Amended/Adopted by Special Resolution passed on 2 June 2015) (Adopted by special resolution passed on 6 June 2023)

### INTERPRETATION

1. In these Bye-laws, unless the context otherwise requires, the words standing in the first column of the following table shall bear the meaning set opposite them <u>respectiverespectively</u> in the second column.

WORD	MEANING	
"Act"	the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, as amended from time to time.	
"announcement"	an official publication of a Notice or document of the Company, including a publication, subject to and to such extent permitted by the Listing Rules, by electronic communication or by advertisement published in the newspapers or in such manner or means ascribed and permitted by the Listing Rules and applicable laws.	
#"associate"	the meaning attributed to it in the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange.	
"Auditor"	the auditor of the Company for the time being and may include any individual or partnership.	
"Bye-laws"	these Bye-laws in their present form or as supplemented or amended <u>or substituted</u> from time to time.	
"Board" or "Directors"	the <u>B</u> <u>b</u> oard of <u>D</u> <u>d</u> irectors of the Company or the <u>D</u> <u>d</u> irectors present at a meeting of <u>D</u> <u>d</u> irectors <u>of the Company</u> at which a quorum is present.	
<del>∆"business day"</del>	shall mean a day on which the Designated Stock Exchange generally is open for the business of dealing in securities in Hong Kong. For the avoidance of doubt, where the Designated Stock Exchange is closed for the business of dealing in securities in Hong Kong on a business day by reason of a Number 8 or higher typhoon signal, black rainstorm warning or other similar event, such day shall for the purposes of these Bye-laws be counted as a business day.	
"capital"	the share capital of the Company from time to time of the Company.	
"clear days"	in relation to the period of a notice that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect.	
#"clearing house"	a clearing house <u>recognized</u> recognised by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the shares of the Company are listed or quoted on a stock exchange in such jurisdiction.	

'close associate''	in relation to any Director, shall have the same meaning as defined in the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules") as modified from time to time, except that for purposes of Bye-law 103104 where the transaction or arrangement to be approved by the Board is a connected transaction referred to in the Listing Rules, it shall have the same meaning as that ascribed to "associate" in the Listing Rules.
'← "Company"	CNT Group Limited.
	a competent regulatory authority in the territory where the shares of the Company are listed or quoted on a stock exchange in such territory.
"debenture" and "debenture holder"	include debenture stock and debenture stockholder respectively.
"Designated Stock Exchange"	a stock exchange which is an appointed stock exchange for the purposes of the Act in respect of which the shares of the Company are listed or quoted and where such appointed stock exchange deems such listing or quotation to be the primary listing or quotation of the shares of the Company.
"dollars" and "\$"	dollars, the legal currency of Hong Kong.
<u>"electronic</u> communication"	a communication sent, transmitted, conveyed and received by wire, by radio, by optical means or by other electron magnetic means in any form through any medium.
"electronic meeting"	a general meeting held and conducted wholly and exclusively by virtual attendance and participation by Members and/or proxies by means of electronic facilities.
"head office"	such office of the Company as the Directors may from time to time determine to be the principal office of the Company.
"hybrid meeting"	a general meeting convened for the (i) physical attendance by Members and/or proxies at the Principal Meeting Place and where applicable, one or more Meeting Locations and (ii) virtual attendance and participation by Members and/or proxies by means of electronic facilities.
"Listing Rules"	the rules and regulations of the Designated Stock Exchange.
"Meeting Location"	has the meaning given to it in Bye-law 64A.

"Member"	a duly registered holder from time to time of the shares in the capital of the Company.
"month"	a calendar month.
"Notice"	written notice unless otherwise specifically stated and as further defined in these Bye-laws.
"Office"	the registered office of the Company for the time being.
"paid up"	paid up or credited as paid up.
"physical meeting"	a general meeting held and conducted by physical attendance and participation by Members and/or proxies at the Principal Meeting Place and/or where applicable, one or more Meeting Locations.
"Principal Meeting Place"	shall have the meaning given to it in Bye-law 59(2).
"Register"	the principal register and where applicable, any branch register of Members-of the Company to be kept pursuant to the provisions of the Act.
"Registration Office"	in respect of any class of share capital such place as the Board may from time to time determine to keep a branch register of Members in respect of that class of share capital and where (except in cases where the Board otherwise directs) the transfers or other documents of title for such class of share capital are to be lodged for registration and are to be registered.
"Seal"	<u>common seal or any one or more commonduplicate</u> seals of the Company (including a securities seal) for use in Bermuda or in any place outside Bermuda.
"Secretary"	any person firm or corporation appointed by the Board to perform any of the duties of secretary of the Company and includes any assistant, <u>deputy</u> , temporary or acting secretary.
"Statutes"	the Act and every other act of the Legislature of Bermuda for the time being in force applying to or affecting the Company, its memorandum of association and/or these Bye-laws.
	a person who is entitled to exercise, or to control the exercise of, 10% or more (or such other percentage as may be prescribed by the rules of the Designated Stock ExchangeListing Rules from time to time) of the voting power at any general meeting of the Company.
"year"	a calendar year.

- 2. In these Bye-laws, unless there be something within the subject or context inconsistent with such construction:
  - (a) words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa;
  - (b) words importing a gender include everyboth gender and the neuter;
  - (c) words importing persons include companies, associations and bodies of persons whether corporate or not;
  - (d) the words:
    - (i) "may" shall be construed as permissive;
    - (ii) "shall" or "will" shall be construed as imperative;
  - \*(e) expressions referring to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing <u>or reproducing</u> words <u>or figures in a legible and non-transitory form or, to the extent permitted by and in</u> accordance with the Statutes and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, any visible substitute for writing (including an electronic communication), or modes of representing or reproducing words partly in one visible form and partly in another visible form, and including where the representation takes the form of electronic display, and, in each case, the Member concerned (where the relevant provision of these Bye-laws and the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange require the delivery or service of any document or notice on him in his capacity as Member) has consented or is deemed to have consented to accept the receipt of the relevant document or notice through electronic means and provided that both the mode of service of the relevant document or notice and the Member's <u>consentelection</u> comply with all applicable Statutes, rules and regulations;
  - (f) references to any act, ordinance, statute or statutory provision shall be interpreted as relating to any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force;
  - (g) save as aforesaid words and expressions defined in the Statutes shall bear the same meanings in these Bye-laws if not inconsistent with the subject in the context;

- (h) a resolution shall be a special resolution when it has been passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths of votes cast by such Members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, in the case of such Members as are corporations, by their respective duly authorised representative or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of which <u>Notice has been duly given in accordance with Bye-law 59not less than twenty-one (21) clear days' notice, specifying (without prejudice to the power contained in these Bye-laws to amend the same) the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution, has been duly given. Provided that, if it is so agreed by a majority in number of the Members having the right to attend and vote at any such meeting, being a majority together holding not less than ninety-five (95) per cent. in nominal value of the shares giving that right, a resolution may be proposed and passed as a special resolution at a meeting of which less than twenty one (21) clear days' notice has been given;</u>
- a resolution shall be an ordinary resolution when it has been passed by a simple majority of votes cast by such Members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, in the case of any Member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting <u>heldof</u> which Notice has been duly given in accordance with these-Bye-laws <u>59</u>;
- (j) a special resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an ordinary resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these Bye-laws or the Statutes;
- (k) a resolution shall be an extraordinary resolution when it has been passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of votes cast by such Members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, in the case of such Members as are corporations, by their respective duly authorised representative or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of which Notice has been duly given in accordance with Bye-law 59;
- \*(k)(1) references to a document (including, but without limitation, a resolution in writing) being signed or executed include references to it being signed or executed under hand or under seal or by electronic signature or by electronic communication or by any other method and references to a notice or document include a notice or document recorded or stored in any digital, electronic, electrical, magnetic or other retrievable form or medium and information in visible form whether having physical substance or not-;

- (m) references to the right of a Member to speak at an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting shall include the right to raise questions or make statements to the chairman of the meeting, verbally or in written form, by means of electronic facilities. Such a right shall be deemed to have been duly exercised if the questions or statements may be heard or seen by all or only some of the persons present at the meeting (or only by the chairman of the meeting) in which event the chairman of the meeting shall relay the questions raised or the statements made verbatim to all persons present at the meeting, either orally or in writing using electronic facilities;
- (n) a reference to a meeting shall mean a meeting convened and held in any manner permitted by these Bye-laws and any Member or Director attending and participating at a meeting by means of electronic facilities shall be deemed to be present at that meeting for all purposes of the Statutes and these Bye-laws, and attend, participate, attending, participating, attendance and participation shall be construed accordingly;
- (o) references to a person's participation in the business of a general meeting include without limitation and as relevant the right (including, in the case of a corporation, through a duly authorised representative) to speak or communicate, vote, be represented by a proxy and have access in hard copy or electronic form to all documents which are required by the Statutes or these Bye-laws to be made available at the meeting, and participate and participating in the business of a general meeting shall be construed accordingly;
- (p) references to electronic facilities include, without limitation, website addresses, webinars, webcast, video or any form of conference call systems (telephone, video, web or otherwise); and
- (q) where a Member is a corporation, any reference in these Bye-laws to a Member shall, where the context requires, refer to a duly authorised representative of such Member.

#### SHARE CAPITAL

- 3. (1) The share capital of the Company at the date on which these Bye-laws come into effect shall be divided into shares of a par value of \$0.10 each.
- △ (2) Subject to the StatutesAct, the Company's memorandum of association and, where applicable, the rules of any Designated Stock ExchangeListing Rules and/or any competent regulatory authority, any power of the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire its own shares shall be exercisable by the Board upon such terms and subject to such conditions as it thinks fit.
  - (3) Subject to the Statutes and, where applicable, the rules of any Designated Stock Exchange, the Company may in accordance with any scheme for the time being in force and approved by the Members in general meeting provide, directly or indirectly, money or other financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a purchase of, or subscription for, fully or partly paid shares in the Company or any holding company of the Company, being a purchase of or subscription for shares by a trustee of or to be held by or for the benefit of employees of the Company, any of its subsidiaries, any holding company of the Company or any subsidiary of any such holding company, in each such case whether incorporated in Bermuda or elsewhere and whether or not a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company including any directors holding a salaried employment or office with or in any such company and so that the residual beneficiary of any such trust may be or include a charitable object. Subject to compliance with the Listing Rules and any other competent regulatory authority, the Company may give financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a purchase made or to be made by any person of any shares in the Company.
  - (4) Subject to the Statutes and, where applicable, the rules of any Designated Stock Exchange, the Company may give financial assistance on such terms as the Board thinks fit to directors and bona fide employees of the Company, its subsidiaries and any holding company of the Company and/or any subsidiary of any such holding company, in each such case whether incorporated in Bermuda or elsewhere and whether or not a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, in order that they may buy shares (fully or partly paid) in the Company or any holding company of the Company and such terms may include a provision stating that when a director ceases to be a director of, or an employee ceases to be employed by the Company or such other company, shares bought with such financial assistance shall or may be sold to the Company or such other company on such terms as the Board thinks fit. [Intentionally deleted]

#### ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

- 4. The Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution in accordance with Section 45 of the Act:
  - (a) increase its capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amounts, as the resolution shall prescribe;
  - (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
  - rights (c) divide its shares into several classes and without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of existing shares attach thereto respectively any preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges, conditions or such restrictions which in the absence of any such determination by the Company in general meeting, as the Directors may determine provided always that where the Company issues shares which do not carry voting rights, the words "non-voting" shall appear in the designation of such shares and where the equity capital includes shares with different voting rights, the designation of each class of shares, other than those with the most favourable voting rights, must include the words "restricted voting" or "limited voting";
    - (d) sub-divide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum of association (subject, nevertheless, to the Act), and may by such resolution determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of the shares may have any such preferred rights or be subject to any such restrictions as compared with the other or others as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares; and
    - (e) change the currency denomination of its share capital;
    - (f) make provision for the issue and allotment of shares which do not carry any voting rights; and
    - (e)(g) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken, or agreed to be taken, by any person, and diminish the amount of its capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
- #6. The Company may from time to time by special resolution, subject to any confirmation or consent required by law, reduce its-authorised or issued share capital or, save for the use of share premium as expressly permitted by the Act, any share premium account or other undistributable reserve.

#### SHARE RIGHTS

△9. Subject to Sections 42 and 43 of the Act, these Bye-laws, and to any special rights conferred on the holders of any shares or attaching to any class of shares, any preference shares may be issued or converted into shares that, at a determinable date or at the option of the Company or the holder if so authorised by its memorandum of association, are liable to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the Company before the issue or conversion may by ordinary resolution of the Members determine. Where the Company purchases for redemption a redeemable share, purchases not made through the market or by tender shall be limited to a maximum price as may from time to time be determined by the Company in general meeting, either generally or with regard to specific purchases. If purchases are by tender, tenders shall be available to all Members alike.

#### VARIATION OF RIGHTS

- 10. Subject to the Act and without prejudice to Bye-law 8, all or any of the special rights for the time being attached to the shares or any class of shares may, unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, from time to time (whether or not the Company is being wound up) be varied, modified or abrogated either with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths in nominal value of the issued shares of that class or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of that class. To every such separate general meeting all the provisions of these Bye-laws relating to general meetings of the Company shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply, but so that:
  - (a) the necessary quorum (other than including at an adjourned meeting) shall be two persons (or in the case of a Member being a corporation, its duly authorised representative) holding or representing by proxy not less than one-third in-the nominal value of the issued shares of that class-and at any adjourned meeting of such holders, two holders present in person or by proxy (whatever the number of shares held by them) shall be a quorum; and
  - (b) every holder of shares of the class shall be entitled-on a poll to one vote for every such share held by him; and.
  - (c) any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll.

#### SHARES

- Subject to the Act-and, these Bye-laws, any direction that may be given by the Company in △12. (1) general meeting and, where applicable, the Listing Rules and without prejudice to any special rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any shares or any class of shares, the unissued shares of the Company (whether forming part of the original or any increased capital) shall be at the disposal of the Board, which may offer, allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times and for such consideration and upon such terms and conditions as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine but so that no shares shall be issued at a discount to their nominal value. Neither the Company nor the Board shall be obliged, when making or granting any allotment of, offer of, option over or disposal of shares, to make, or make available, any such allotment, offer, option or shares to Members or others with registered addresses in any particular territory or territories being a territory or territories where, in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities, this would or might, in the opinion of the Board, be unlawful or impracticable or that based on legal opinions provided by legal advisers, the Board considers it necessary or expedient not to offer the shares to such Members on account either of legal restrictions under the laws of the relevant place or the requirements of the relevant regulatory body or stock exchange in that place. Members affected as a result of the foregoing sentence shall not be, or be deemed to be, a separate class of Members for any purpose whatsoever.
  - (2) The Board may issue warrants in registered formor convertible securities or securities of similar nature conferring the right upon the holders thereof to subscribe for any class of shares or securities in the capital of the Company on such terms as it may from time to time determine.

#### SHARE CERTIFICATES

16. Every share certificate shall be issued under the Seal or a facsimile thereof or with the Seal printed thereon and shall specify the number and class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates, and the amount paid up thereon and may otherwise be in such form as the Directors may from time to time determine. The Seal may only be affixed or imprinted to a share certificate with the authority of the Directors, or be executed under the signature of appropriate officials with statutory authority, unless otherwise determined by the Directors. No certificate shall be issued and representing shares of more than one class. The Board may by resolution determine, either generally or in any particular case or cases, that any signatures on any such certificates (or certificates in respect of other securities) need not be autographic but may be affixed to such certificates by some mechanical means or may be printed thereon or that such certificates need not be signed by any person.

- 20. (1) Upon every transfer of shares the certificate held by the transferor shall be given up to be cancelled, and shall forthwith be cancelled accordingly, and a new certificate shall be issued to the transferee in respect of the shares transferred to him at such fee as is provided in paragraph (2) of this Bye-law. If any of the shares included in the certificate so given up shall be retained by the transferor a new certificate for the balance shall be issued to him at the aforesaid fee payable by the transferor to the Company in respect thereof.
  - (2) The fee referred to in paragraph (1) above shall be an amount not exceeding \$2 or such other the relevant maximum amount as the Designated Stock Exchange may from time to time determine provided that the Board may at any time determine a lower amount for such fee.

#### LIEN

#### CALLS ON SHARES

#### FORFEITURE OF SHARES

- $\Rightarrow$  34. (1) If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the Board may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen (14) clear days' Notice:
  - (a) requiring payment of the amount unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued and which may still accrue up to the date of actual payment; and
- △ (b) stating that if the Notice is not complied with the shares on which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
- △ (2) If the requirements of any such Notice are not complied with, any share in respect of which such Notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls and interest due in respect thereof has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect, and such forfeiture shall include all dividends and bonuses declared in respect of the forfeited share but not actually paid before the forfeiture.
- ⇒35. When any share has been forfeited, Notice of the forfeiture shall be served upon the person who was before forfeiture the holder of the share. No forfeiture shall be invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such Notice.
- ⇔38. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a Member in respect of the forfeited shares but nevertheless shall remain liable to pay the Company all moneys which at the date of forfeiture were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares, with (if the Directors shall in their discretion so require) interest thereon from the date of forfeiture until payment at such rate (not exceeding twenty per cent. (20%) per annum) as the Board determines. The Board may enforce payment thereof if it thinks fit, and without any deduction or allowance for the value of the forfeited shares, at the date of forfeiture, but his liability shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares. For the purposes of this Bye-law any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, is payable thereon at a fixed time which is subsequent to the date of forfeiture, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall notwithstanding that time has not yet arrived be deemed to be payable at the date of forfeiture, and the same shall become due and payable immediately upon the forfeiture, but interest thereon shall only be payable in respect of any period between the said fixed time and the date of actual payment.

- A declaration by a Director or the Secretary that a share has been forfeited on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share, and such declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer by the Company if necessary) constitute a good title to the share, and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall be registered as the holder of the share and shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration (if any), nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share. When any share shall have been forfeited, Notice of the declaration shall be given to the Member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture, and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register, but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such Notice or make any such entry.
- △40. Notwithstanding any such forfeiture as aforesaid the Board may at any time, before any shares so forfeited shall have been sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, permit the shares forfeited to be bought back upon the terms of payment of all calls and interest due upon and expenses incurred in respect of the shares, and upon such further terms (if any) as it thinks fit.

#### **REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

- 43. (1) The Company shall keep in one or more books a Register of its Members and shall enter therein the following particulars, that is to say:
  - # (a) the name and address of each Member, the number and class of shares held by him and, in respect of any shares that are not fully paid, the amount paid or agreed to be considered as paid on such shares;
  - (b) the date on which each person was entered in the Register; and
  - (c) the date on which any person ceased to be a Member.
  - (2) Subject to the Act, the Company may keep an overseas or local or other branch register of Members resident in any place, and the Board may make and vary such regulations as it determines in respect of the keeping of any such register and maintaining a Registration Office in connection therewith.

\*44. The Register and branch register of Members, as the case may be, shall be open to inspection between 10 a.m. and 12 noon on everyduring business dayhours by Membersmembers of the public without charge or by any other person, upon a maximum payment of five Bermuda dollars, at the Office or such other place in Bermuda at which the Register is kept in accordance with the Act-or, if appropriate, upon a maximum payment of ten dollars at the Registration Office. The Register including any overseas or local or other branch register of Members may, after notice has been given by advertisement in an appointed newspaper and where applicable, any other newspapers in accordance with the requirements of any Designated Stock Exchange or by any means in such manner as may be accepted by the Designated Stock Exchange to that effect, be closed at such times or for such periods not exceeding in the whole thirty (30) days in each year as the Board may determine and either generally or in respect of any class of shares.

### RECORD DATES

- 45. NotwithstandingSubject to the Listing Rules, notwithstanding any other provision of these Bye-laws the Company or the Directors may fix any date as the record date for:
  - (a) determining the Members entitled to receive any dividend-and such record date may be on, or not more than 30 days before or after, any date on which such dividend is declared;, distribution, allotment or issue; and/or
  - (b) determining the Members entitled to receive notice of and to vote at any general meeting of the Company.

#### TRANSFER OF SHARES

- ☆#46.Subject to these Bye-laws, any Member may transfer all or any of his shares in any manner permitted by and in accordance with the Listing Rules or by an instrument of transfer in the usual or common form or in a form prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange or in any other form approved by the Board and may be under hand or, if the transferor or transferee is a clearing house or its nominee(s), by hand or by machine imprinted signature or by such other manner of execution as the Board may approve from time to time.
- 47. The instrument of transfer shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and the transferee provided that the Board may dispense with the execution of the instrument of transfer by the transferee in any case which it thinks fit in its discretion to do so. Without prejudice to Bye-law 46, the Board may also resolve, either generally or in any particular case, upon request by either the transferor or transferee, to accept mechanically executed transfers. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register in respect thereof. Nothing in these Bye-laws shall preclude the Board from recognising a renunciation of the allotment or provisional allotment of any share by the allottee in favour of some other person.

- 48. (1) The Board may, in its absolute discretion, and without giving any reason therefor, refuse to register a transfer of any share (not being a fully paid up share) to a person of whom it does not approve, or any share issued under any share incentive scheme for employees upon which a restriction on transfer imposed thereby still subsists, and it may also, without prejudice to the foregoing generality, refuse to register a transfer of any share to more than four (4) joint holders or a transfer of any share (not being a fully paid up share) on which the Company has a lien.
  - (2) No transfer shall be made to an infant or to a person of unsound mind or under other legal disability.
  - (3) The Board in so far as permitted by any applicable law may, in its absolute discretion, at any time and from time to time transfer any share upon the Register to any branch register or any share on any branch register to the Register or any other branch register. In the event of any such transfer, the shareholder requesting such transfer shall bear the cost of effecting the transfer unless the Board otherwise determines.
  - (4) Unless the Board otherwise agrees (which agreement may be on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board in its absolute discretion may from time to time determine, and which agreement it shall, without giving any reason therefor, be entitled in its absolute discretion to give or withhold), no shares upon the Register shall be transferred to any branch register nor shall shares on any branch register be transferred to the Register or any other branch register and all transfers and other documents of title shall be lodged for registration, and registered, in the case of any shares on a branch register, at the relevant Registration Office, and, in the case of any shares on the Register, at the Office or such other place in Bermuda at which the Register is kept in accordance with the Act.
- 49. Without limiting the generality of the last preceding Bye-law, the Board may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless:-
  - (a) a fee of such <u>maximum</u> sum as the Designated Stock Exchange may determine to be payable or such lesser sum as the Board may from time to time require is paid to the Company in respect thereof;
  - (b) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of share;
  - (c) the instrument of transfer is lodged at the Office or such other place in Bermuda at which the Register is kept in accordance with the Act or the Registration Office (as the case may be) accompanied by the relevant share certificate(s) and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer (and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person so to do); and
  - (d) if applicable, the instrument of transfer is duly and properly stamped.

### TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

- ⇒53. Subject to Section 52 of the Act, any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy or winding up of a Member may, upon such evidence as to his title being produced as may be required by the Board, elect either to become the holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof. If he elects to become the holder he shall notify the Company in writing either at the Registration Office or Office, as the case may be, to that effect. If he elects to have another person registered he shall execute a transfer of the share in favour of that person. The provisions of these Bye-laws relating to the transfer and registration of transfers of shares shall apply to such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy or winding up of the Member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by such Member.

#### UNTRACEABLE MEMBERS

55. (1) Without prejudice to the rights of the Company under paragraph (2) of this Bye-law, the Company may cease sending cheques for dividend entitlements or dividend warrants by post if such cheques or warrants have been left uncashed on two consecutive occasions. However, the Company may exercise the power to cease sending cheques for dividend entitlements or dividend warrants after the first occasion on which such a cheque or warrant is returned undelivered.

- (2) The Company shall have the power to sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares of a Member who is untraceable, but no such sale shall be made unless:
  - (a) all cheques or warrants in respect of dividends of the shares in question, being not less than three in total number, for any sum payable in cash to the holder of such shares in respect of them sent during the relevant period in the manner authorised by the Bye-laws-of the Company have remained uncashed;
  - (b) so far as it is aware at the end of the relevant period, the Company has not at any time during the relevant period received any indication of the existence of the Member who is the holder of such shares or of a person entitled to such shares by death, bankruptcy or operation of law; and
  - (c) the Company, if so required by the rules governing the listing of shares on the Designated Stock ExchangeListing Rules, has given notice to, and caused advertisement in newspapers in accordance with the requirements of, the Designated Stock Exchange to be made of its intention to sell such shares in the manner required by the Designated Stock Exchange, and a period of three (3) months or such shorter period as may be allowed by the Designated Stock Exchange has elapsed since the date of such advertisement.

For the purpose of the foregoing, the "relevant period" means the period commencing twelve (12) years before the date of publication of the advertisement referred to in paragraph (c) of this Bye-law and ending at the expiry of the period referred to in that paragraph.

(3) To give effect to any such sale the Board may authorise some person to transfer the said shares and an instrument of transfer signed or otherwise executed by or on behalf of such person shall be as effective as if it had been executed by the registered holder or the person entitled by transmission to such shares, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the sale. The net proceeds of the sale will belong to the Company and upon receipt by the Company of such net proceeds it shall become indebted to the former Member for an amount equal to such net proceeds. No trust shall be created in respect of such debt and no interest shall be payable in respect of it and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned from the net proceeds which may be employed in the business of the Company or as it thinks fit. Any sale under this Bye-law shall be valid and effective notwithstanding that the Member holding the shares sold is dead, bankrupt or otherwise under any legal disability or incapacity.

### GENERAL MEETINGS

- 56. An<u>Subject to the Act, an</u> annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in for each financial year other than the year of incorporation at and such time (annual general meeting must be held within a period of not more than fifteen (15)six (6) months after the holdingend of the last preceding annual general meeting Company's financial year (unless a longer period would not infringe the rules of any Designated Stock ExchangeListing Rules, if any) and place as may be determined by the Board.
- 57. Each general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, shall be called a special general meeting. GeneralAll general meetings (including an annual general meeting, any adjourned meeting or postponed meeting) may be held as a physical meeting in any part of the world and at one or more locations as provided in Bye-law 64A, as a hybrid meeting or as an electronic meeting, as may be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion.

#### NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

- - (a) in the case of a meeting called as an annual general meeting, by all the Members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
  - (b) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the Members having the right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together holdingrepresenting not less than ninety-five per cent. (95%)-in nominal value of the issued shares giving that righttotal voting rights at the meeting of all the Members.

(2)The period of notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and exclusive of the day on which the meeting is to be held, and Notice shall specify (a) the time and date of the meeting; (b) save for an electronic meeting, the place of the meeting and if there is more than one meeting location as determined by the Board pursuant to Bye-law 64A, the principal place of the meeting (the "Principal Meeting Place"); (c) if the general meeting is to be a hybrid meeting or an electronic meeting, the Notice shall include a statement to that effect and with details of the electronic facilities for attendance and participation by electronic means at the meeting or where such details will be made available by the Company prior to the meeting; and (d) particulars of resolutions to be considered at the meeting-and, in case of special business, the general nature of the business. The Notice convening an annual general meeting shall specify the meeting as such. Notice of every general meeting shall be given to all Members other than to such Members as, under the provisions of these Bye-laws or the terms of issue of the shares they hold, are not entitled to receive such Notices from the Company, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy or winding-up of a Member and to each of the Directors and the Auditors.

### PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 61. (1) All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at a special general meeting, and also all business that is transacted at an annual general meeting, with the exception of sanctioning dividends, the reading, considering and adopting of the accounts and balance sheet and the reports of the Directors and Auditors and other documents required to be annexed to the balance sheet, the election of Directors and appointment of Auditors and other officers in the place of those retiring, the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors, and the voting of remuneration or extra remuneration to the Directors.
- A (2) No business other than the appointment of a chairman of a meeting shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present at the commencement of the business. Two (2) Members entitled to vote and present in person or by proxy or (in, for quorum purposes only, two persons appointed by the case of a Member being a corporation) by its dulyclearing house as authorised representative or proxy, shall form a quorum for all purposes.

- (3) The Board may, at its absolute discretion, arrange for Members to attend a general meeting by simultaneous attendance and participation at meeting location(s) using electronic means anywhere in the world. Members present in person or by proxy at the meeting location(s) shall be counted in the auorum for, and entitled to vote at, the relevant general meeting, and such general meeting shall be duly constituted and its proceedings valid if the chairman of the meeting is satisfied that adequate facilities are available throughout the meeting to ensure that Members attending at all the meeting location(s) are able to hear and see all persons present who speak in the principal meeting location and any other meeting location(s) and are able to be heard and seen by other persons in the same way. The meeting location at which the chairman of the meeting is present shall be the principal meeting place and the meeting shall be deemed to take place at the principal meeting location. Except in accordance with this paragraph (3) of Bye-law 61, a Member shall not be permitted to participate in any meeting of the Members or any class thereof by means of a conference telephone, electronic or other communications equipment. [Intentionally deleted]
- △63. (1) The president chairman of the Company or if there beis more than one or chairman, any one of them as may be agreed amongst themselves or failing such agreement, any one of them elected by all the chairman Directors present shall preside as chairman at everya general meeting. If at any meeting the president or themo chairman, as the case may be, is not present within fifteen (15) minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or if neither of them is willing to act as chairman, any one of them as may be agreed amongst themselves or failing such agreement, any one of them as may be agreed amongst themselves or failing such agreement, any one of them as may be agreed amongst themselves or failing such agreement, any one of them elected by all the Directors present shall preside as chairman. If no chairman or deputy chairman is present or is willing to act, or if one Director only is present he shall preside as chairman if willing to act. If no Director is present, or if each of the Directors present declines to take the chair, or if the chairman chosen shall retire from the chair, the Members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall elect one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

- △ (2) The chairman of a general meeting shall ensure that the meeting will be conducted in an orderly manner and shall have power to take all such steps and action as he deems appropriate to maintain order during the meeting. If the chairman of a general meeting is participating in the general meeting using an electronic facility or facilities and becomes unable to participate in the general meeting using such electronic facility or facilities, another person (determined in accordance with Bye-law 63(1) above) shall preside as chairman of the meeting unless and until the original chairman of the meeting is able to participate in the general meeting using the electronic facility or facilities.
- 64A. (1) The Board may, at its absolute discretion, arrange for persons entitled to attend a general meeting to do so by simultaneous attendance and participation by means of electronic facilities at such location or locations ("Meeting Location(s)") determined by the Board at its absolute discretion. Any Member or any proxy attending and participating in such way or any Member participating in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities is deemed to be present at and shall be counted in the quorum of the meeting.
  - (2) All general meetings are subject to the following:
    - (a) where a Member is attending a Meeting Location and/or in the case of a hybrid meeting, the meeting shall be treated as having commenced if it has commenced at the Principal Meeting Place;
    - (b) Members present in person or by proxy at a Meeting Location and/or Members participating in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities shall be counted in the quorum for and entitled to vote at the meeting in question, and that meeting shall be duly constituted and its proceedings valid provided that the chairman of the meeting is satisfied that adequate electronic facilities are available throughout the meeting to ensure that Members at all Meeting Locations and Members participating in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities are able to participate in the business for which the meeting has been convened;

- (c) where Members attend a meeting by being present at one of the Meeting Locations and/or where Members participating in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities, a failure (for any reason) of the electronic facilities or communication equipment, or any other failure in the arrangements for enabling those in a Meeting Location other than the Principal Meeting Place to participate in the business for which the meeting has been convened or in the case of an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting, the inability of one or more Members or proxies to access, or continue to access, the electronic facilities despite adequate electronic facilities having been made available by the Company, shall not affect the validity of the meeting or the resolutions passed, or any business conducted there or any action taken pursuant to such business provided that there is a quorum present throughout the meeting; and
- (d) if any of the Meeting Locations is outside the jurisdiction of the Principal Meeting
  Place and/or in the case of a hybrid meeting, unless otherwise stated in the Notice,
  the provisions of these Bye-laws concerning the service and giving of Notice for the
  meeting, and the time for lodging proxies, shall apply by reference to the Principal
  Meeting Place; and in the case of an electronic meeting, the time for lodging proxies
  shall be as stated in the Notice for the meeting.
- 64B. The Board and, at any general meeting, the chairman of the meeting may from time to time make arrangements for managing attendance and/or participation and/or voting at the Principal Meeting Place, any Meeting Location(s) and/or participation in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting by means of electronic facilities (whether involving the issue of tickets or some other means of identification, passcode, seat reservation, electronic voting or otherwise) as it shall in its absolute discretion consider appropriate, and may from time to time change any such arrangements, provided that a Member who, pursuant to such arrangements, is not entitled to attend, in person or by proxy, at any Meeting Location shall be entitled so to attend at one of the other Meeting Locations; and the entitlement of any Member so to attend the meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting at such Meeting Location or Meeting Locations shall be subject to any such arrangement as may be for the time being in force and by the Notice of meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting stated to apply to the meeting.

- 64C. If it appears to the chairman of the general meeting that:
  - (a) the electronic facilities at the Principal Meeting Place or at such other Meeting Location(s) at which the meeting may be attended have become inadequate for the purposes referred to in Bye-law 64A(1) or are otherwise not sufficient to allow the meeting to be conducted substantially in accordance with the provisions set out in the Notice of the meeting; or
  - (b) in the case of an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting, electronic facilities being made available by the Company have become inadequate; or
  - (c) it is not possible to ascertain the view of those present or to give all persons entitled to do so a reasonable opportunity to communicate and/or vote at the meeting; or
  - (d) there is violence or the threat of violence, unruly behaviour or other disruption occurring at the meeting or it is not possible to secure the proper and orderly conduct of the meeting;

then, without prejudice to any other power which the chairman of the meeting may have under these Bye-laws or at common law, the chairman may, at his/her absolute discretion, without the consent of the meeting, and before or after the meeting has started and irrespective of whether a quorum is present, interrupt or adjourn the meeting (including adjournment for indefinite period). All business conducted at the meeting up to the time of such adjournment shall be valid.

- 64D. The Board and, at any general meeting, the chairman of the meeting may make any arrangement and impose any requirement or restriction the Board or the chairman of the meeting, as the case may be, considers appropriate to ensure the security and orderly conduct of a meeting (including, without limitation, requirements for evidence of identity to be produced by those attending the meeting, the searching of their personal property and the restriction of items that may be taken into the meeting place, determining the number and frequency of and the time allowed for questions that may be raised at a meeting). Members shall also comply with all requirements or restrictions imposed by the owner of the premises at which the meeting is held. Any decision made under this Bye-law shall be final and conclusive and a person who refuses to comply with any such arrangements, requirements or restrictions may be refused entry to the meeting or ejected (physically or electronically) from the meeting.
- 64E. If, after the sending of Notice of a general meeting but before the meeting is held, or after the adjournment of a meeting but before the adjourned meeting is held (whether or not Notice of the adjourned meeting is required), the Directors, in their absolute discretion, consider that it is inappropriate, impracticable, unreasonable or undesirable for any reason to hold the general meeting on the date or at the time or place or by means of electronic facilities specified in the Notice calling the meeting, they may change or postpone the meeting to another date, time and/or place and/or change the electronic facilities and/or change the form of the meeting (a physical meeting, an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting) without approval from the Members. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Directors shall have the power to provide in every Notice calling a general meeting the circumstances in which a postponement of the relevant general meeting may occur automatically without further notice, including without limitation where a number 8 or higher typhoon signal, black rainstorm warning or other similar event is in force at any time on the day of the meeting. This Bye-law shall be subject to the following:

- (a) when a meeting is so postponed, the Company shall endeavour to post a notice of such postponement on the Company's website as soon as practicable (provided that failure to post such a notice shall not affect the automatic postponement of such meeting);
- (b) when only the form of the meeting or electronic facilities specified in the Notice are changed, the Board shall notify the Members of details of such change in such manner as the Board may determine;
- (c) when a meeting is postponed or changed in accordance with this Bye-law, subject to and without prejudice to Bye-law 64, unless already specified in the original Notice of the meeting, the Board shall fix the date, time, place (if applicable) and electronic facilities (if applicable) for the postponed or changed meeting and shall notify the Members of such details in such manner as the Board may determine; further all proxy forms shall be valid (unless revoked or replaced by a new proxy) if they are received as required by these Bye-laws not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time of the postponed or changed meeting; and
- (d) notice of the business to be transacted at the postponed or changed meeting shall not be required, nor shall any accompanying documents be required to be recirculated, provided that the business to be transacted at the postponed or changed meeting is the same as that set out in the original Notice of general meeting circulated to the Members.
- 64F. All persons seeking to attend and participate in an electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting shall be responsible for maintaining adequate facilities to enable them to do so. Subject to Bye-law 64C, any inability of a person or persons to attend or participate in a general meeting by way of electronic facilities shall not invalidate the proceedings of and/or resolutions passed at that meeting.
- 64G. Without prejudice to other provisions in Bye-law 64, a physical meeting may also be held by means of such telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

#### VOTING

- <u>→\*\*</u>66. (1) Subject to any special rights or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any shares by or in accordance with these Bye-laws, at any general meeting on a poll every Member present in person or by proxy or, in the case of a Member being a eorporation, by its duly authorised representative shall have one vote for every fully paid share of which he is the holder but so that no amount paid up or credited as paid up on a share in advance of calls or instalments is treated for the foregoing purposes as paid up on the share. A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided by way of a poll save that in the case of a physical meeting, the chairman of the meeting may in good faith, allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands in which case every Member present in person (or being a corporation, is present by a duly authorised representative), or by proxy(ies) shall have one vote provided that where more than one proxy is appointed by a Member which is a clearing house (or its nominee(s)), each such proxy shall have one vote on a show of hands. For purposes of this Bye-law, procedural and administrative matters are those that (i) are not on the agenda of the general meeting or in any supplementary circular that may be issued by the Company to its Members; and (ii) relate to the chairman's duties to maintain the orderly conduct of the meeting and/or allow the business of the meeting to be properly and effectively dealt with, whilst allowing all Members a reasonable opportunity to express their views. Votes may be cast by such means, electronic or otherwise, as the Directors or the chairman of the meeting may determine.

(a) by the chairman of such meeting; or

- (b)(a) by at least three Members present in person (or in the case of a Member being a corporation by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy for the time being entitled to vote at the meeting; or
- (c)(b) by a Member, or Members present in person (or in the case of a Member being a corporation by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all Members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
- (d)(c) by a Member or Members present in person (or in the case of a Member being a corporation by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy and holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all shares conferring that right.

A demand by a person as proxy for a Member or in the case of a Member being a corporation by its duly authorised representative shall be deemed to be the same as a demand by athe Member.

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- △67. Unless Where a pollresolution is duly demanded and the demand is not withdrawnvoted on by a show of hands, a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried, or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or not carried by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect made in the minute book of the Company, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded for or against the resolution.
- \*\*68. If a poll is duly demanded the <u>The</u> result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting <u>at which the poll was demanded</u>. The Company shall only be required to disclose the voting figures on a poll if such disclosure is required by the <del>rules of the Designated Stock Exchange</del>Listing Rules.

#### 68. [Intentionally deleted]

- △69. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman, or on a question of adjournment, shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken in such manner and either forthwith or at such time (being not later than thirty (30) days after the date of the demand) and place as the chairman directs. It shall not be necessary (unless the chairman otherwise directs) for notice to be given of a poll. [Intentionally deleted]
- 70. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting or the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded, and, with the consent of the chairman, it may be withdrawn at any time before the close of the meeting or the taking of the poll, whichever is the earlier. [Intentionally deleted]
- ☆73. All questions submitted to a meeting shall be decided by a simple majority of votes except where a greater majority is required by these Bye-laws, the Listing Rules or by the Act. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of such meeting shall be entitled to a second or casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have.
- 74. In the case of joint holders of a share Where there are joint holders of any share any one of such joint holder may vote, either in person or by proxy, in respect of such share as if he were solely entitled thereto, but if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders, and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register in respect of the joint holding. Several executors or administrators of a deceased Member in whose name any share stands shall for the purposes of this Bye-law be deemed joint holders thereof.

- 75. (1) A Member who is a patient for any purpose relating to mental health or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction for the protection or management of the affairs of persons incapable of managing their own affairs may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his receiver, committee, *curator bonis* or other person in the nature of a receiver, committee or *curator bonis* appointed by such court, and such receiver, committee, *curator bonis* or other person may vote-on a poll by proxy, and may otherwise act and be treated as if he were the registered holder of such Membershares for the purposes of general meetings, provided that such evidence as the Board may require of the authority of the person claiming to vote shall have been deposited at the Office, head office or Registration Office, as appropriate, not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting, or adjourned meeting or pollpostponed meeting, as the case may be.
  - (2) Any person entitled under Bye-law 53 to be registered as the holder of any shares may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that forty-eight (48) hours at least before the time of the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting, as the case may be, at which he proposes to vote, he shall satisfy the Board of his entitlement to such shares, or the Board shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.
- ☆#76.(1) No Member shall, unless the Board otherwise determines, be entitled to attend and vote and to be reckoned in a quorum at any general meeting unless he is duly registered and all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the Company have been paid.
  - (2) <u>All members shall have the right to (a) speak at a general meeting, and (b) vote at a general meeting except where a Member is required, by the Listing Rules, to abstain from voting to approve the matter under consideration.</u>
  - (3) Where the Company has knowledge that any Member is, under the rules of the Designed Stock ExchangeListing Rules, required to abstain from voting on any particular resolution of the Company or restricted to voting only for or only against any particular resolution of the Company, any votes cast by or on behalf of such Member in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted.

77. If:

- (a) any objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter; or
- (b) any votes have been counted which ought not to have been counted or which might have been rejected; or
- (c) any votes are not counted which ought to have been counted;
- $\Delta$  the objection or error shall not vitiate the decision of the meeting or adjourned meeting or <u>postponed meeting</u> on any resolution unless the same is raised or pointed out at the meeting or, as the case may be, the adjourned meeting <u>or postponed meeting</u> at which the vote objected to is given or tendered or at which the error occurs. Any objection or error shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting and shall only vitiate the decision of the meeting on any resolution if the chairman decides that the same may have affected the decision of the meeting. The decision of the chairman on such matters shall be final and conclusive.

#### PROXIES

- △78. (1) Any Member entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to attend and vote instead of him. A Member who is the holder of two or more shares may appoint more than one proxy to represent him and vote on his behalf at a general meeting of the Company or at a class meeting. A proxy need not be a Member. In addition, a proxy or proxies representing either a Member who is an individual or a Member which is a corporation shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the Member which he or they represent as such Member could exercise.
  - (2) Unless otherwise required by the Statutes, a proxy need not be a Member. A Member may appoint a proxy in respect of part only of his holding of shares in the Company. [Intentionally deleted]
- $\Delta$  (2) [Intentionally deleted]

- 80. The Board-Company may, at its absolute discretion, provide an electronic address for the (1)receipt of any document or information relating to proxies for a general meeting (including any instrument of proxy or invitation to appoint a proxy, any document necessary to show the validity of, or otherwise relating to, an appointment of proxy (whether or not required under these Bye-laws) and Nnotice of termination of the authority of a proxy). If such an electronic address is provided, the Company shall be deemed to have agreed that any such document or information (relating to proxies as aforesaid) may be sent by electronic means to that address, subject as hereafter provided and subject to any other limitations or conditions specified by the Company when providing the address. Without limitation, the Company may from time to time determine that any such electronic address may be used generally for such matters or specifically for particular meetings or purposes and, if so, the Company may provide different electronic addresses for different purposes. The Company may also impose any conditions on the transmission of and its receipt of such electronic communications including, for the avoidance of doubt, imposing any security or encryption arrangements as may be specified by the Company. If any document or information required to be sent to the Company under this Bye-law is sent to the Company by electronic means, such document or information is not treated as validly delivered to or deposited with the Company if the same is not received by the Company at its designated electronic address provided in accordance with this Bye-law or if no electronic address is so designated by the Company for the receipt of such document or information.
- The instrument appointing a proxy and (if required by the Board) the power of attorney or  $\Delta 80.$  (2) other authority (if any) under which it is signed, or a certified copy of such power or authority, shall be delivered to such place or one of such places (if any) as may be specified for that purpose in or by way of note to or in any document accompanying the Notice convening the meeting (or, if no place is so specified at the Registration Office or the Office, as may be appropriate), or if the Company has provided an electronic address in accordance with the preceding paragraph, shall be received at the electronic address specified, not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting or postponed meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote or, in the case of a poll taken subsequently to the date of a meeting or adjourned meeting, not less than twenty-four (24) hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve (12) months from the date named in it as the date of its execution, except at an adjourned meeting or on a poll demanded at a meeting or an adjourned meeting in easespostponed meeting where the meeting was originally held within twelve (12) months from such date. Delivery of an instrument of appointing a proxy shall not preclude a Member from attending and voting in person at the meeting convened and, in such event, the instrument of appointing a proxy shall be deemed to be revoked.

- $\Rightarrow$ 81. Instruments of proxy shall be in any common form or in such other form as the Board may approve (provided that this shall not preclude the use of the two-way form) and the Board may, if it thinks fit, send out with the Notice of any meeting forms of instrument of proxy for use at the meeting. The instrument of proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll and to vote on any amendment of a resolution put to the meeting for which it is given as the proxy thinks fit. The instrument of proxy shall, unless the contrary is stated therein, be valid as well for any adjournment or postponement of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates. The Board may decide, either generally or in any particular case, to treat a proxy appointment as valid notwithstanding that the appointment or any of the information required under these Bye-laws has not been received in accordance with the requirements of these Bye-laws. Subject to aforesaid, if the proxy appointment and any of the information required under these Bye-laws is not received in the manner set out in these Bye-laws, the appointee shall not be entitled to vote in respect of the shares in question.
- $\Rightarrow$ 82. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal, or revocation of the instrument of proxy or of the authority under which it was executed, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity or revocation shall have been received by the Company at the Office or the Registration Office (or such other place as may be specified for the delivery of instruments of proxy in the Notice convening the meeting or other document sent therewith) two (2) hours at least before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting, or postponed meeting or the taking of the poll, at which the instrument of proxy is used.

#### CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES

84. (1) Any corporation which is a Member-of the Company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of Members-of the Company. The person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of such corporation as the corporation could exercise if it were an individual Member-of the Company and such corporation shall for the purposes of these Bye-laws be deemed to be present in person at any such meeting if a person so authorised is present thereat. Any reference in these Bye-laws to a duly authorised representative of a Member being a corporation shall mean a representative authorised under the provisions of this Bye-law.

- $\Delta$ #84A:(2) Where-the Company has knowledge that a Member is a clearing house (or its nominee(s) and, in each case, being a corporation), it may authorise such persons as it thinks fit to act as its representatives at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of Members provided that the authorisation shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such representative is so authorised. Each person so authorised under the provisions of this Bye-law shall be deemed to have been duly authorised without further evidence of the facts and be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers on behalf of the clearing house (or its nominee(s)) as if such person was the registered holder of the shares of the Company held by the clearing house (or its nominee(s)) in respect of the number and class of shares specified in the relevant authorisation including, where a show of hands is allowed, the right to vote individually on a show of hands.
  - (3) Any reference in these Bye-laws to a duly authorised representative of a Member being a corporation shall mean a representative authorised under the provisions of this Bye-law.

### 84A. [Intentionally deleted]

#### WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS OF MEMBERS

- $\Delta$ 85. (1) A<u>Subject to the Act, a</u> resolution in writing signed (in such manner as to indicate, expressly or impliedly, unconditional approval) by or on behalf of all persons for the time being entitled to receive Notice of and to attend and vote at general meetings of the Company shall, for the purposes of these Bye-laws, be treated as a resolution duly passed at a general meeting of the Company and, where relevant, as a special resolution so passed. Any such resolution shall be deemed to have been passed at a meeting held on the date on which it was signed by the last Member to sign, and where the resolution states a date as being the date of his signature thereof by any Member the statement shall be prima facie evidence that it was signed by him on that date. Such a resolution may consist of several documents in the like form, each signed by one or more relevant Members.
- △ (2) Notwithstanding any provisions contained in these Bye-laws, a resolution in writing shall not be passed for the purpose of removing a Director before the expiration of his term of office under Bye-law 86(4) or for the purposes set out in Bye-law 155(3) relating to the removal and appointment of the Auditor.

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- △\*\*86.(1) Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting, the number of Directors shall not be less than three (3). There shall be no maximum number of Directors unless otherwise determined from time to time by the Members in general meeting. The Directors shall be elected or appointed in the first place at the statutory meeting of Members and thereafter at the annual general meeting in accordance with Bye-law 87 or at any special general meeting <u>called for such purpose</u> and <u>who</u> shall hold office <u>untilfor such term as</u> the <u>next appointment of DirectorsMembers may determine or, in the absence of such determination, in accordance with Bye-law 87 or until their successors are elected or appointed or their office is otherwise vacated. Any general meeting may authorise the Board to fill any vacancy in their number left unfilled at a general meeting.</u>
- △ (3) Unless otherwise required by the Statutes, neither<u>Neither</u> a Director nor an alternate Director shall be required to hold any shares of the Company by way of qualification and a Director or alternate Director (as the case may be) who is not a Member shall be entitled to receive Notice of and to attend and speak at any general meeting of the Company and of all classes of shares of the Company. Directors may participate in any meeting of the Members or any class thereof by means of a conference telephone, electronic or other communications equipment through which all persons participating in the meeting can communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously and, such participation shall constitute presence at a meeting as if those participating were present in person.
- (4) Subject to any provision to the contrary in these Bye-laws the<u>The</u> Members may, at any general meeting convened and held in accordance with these Bye-laws, by ordinary resolution remove a Director at any time before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Bye-laws or in any agreement between the Company and such Director (but without prejudice to any claim for damages under any such agreement) provided that the Notice of any such meeting convened for the purpose of removing a Director shall contain a statement of the intention so to do and be served on such Director fourteen (14) days before the meeting and at such meeting such Director shall be entitled to be heard on the motion for his removal.

- (5) A vacancy on the Board created by the removal of a Director under the provisions of subparagraph (4) above may be filled by the election or appointment of by the Members at the meeting at which such Director is removed to hold office until the next appointment of Directors or until their successors are elected or appointed or, in the absence of such election or appointment such general meeting may authorise the Board to fill any vacancy in the number left unfilled.
- (6) The Company may from time to time in general meeting by ordinary resolution increase or reduce the number of Directors but so that the number of Directors shall never be less than three (3).

#### **RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS**

- $\triangle$ 87. (1) The provisions of these Bye-laws shall, subject to the provisions of the last preceding Bye-law and the Statutes, govern the retirement of Directors. [Intentionally deleted]
- △\*\* (2) Notwithstanding any other provisions in the Bye-laws, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director-(including those appointed for a specific term but excluding those holding the office of chairman or managing director) shall be subject to retirement-by rotation at least once every three years.
- (3) A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election and shall continue to act as a Director throughout the meeting at which he retires. The Directors to retire by rotation shall include (so far as necessary to ascertain the number of directors to retire by rotation) any Director who wishes to retire and not to offer himself for re-election. Any further Directors so to retire shall be those of the other Directors subject to retirement by rotation who have been longest in office since their last re-election or appointment and so that as between persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot. Every Director holding the office of chairman or managing director shall be subject to re-election once every three yearsAny Director appointed pursuant to Bye-law 86(2) shall not be taken into account in determining which particular Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation.

- (4) The Company at the meeting at which a Director retires under any provision of these presents may by ordinary resolution fill the office being vacated by electing thereto the retiring Director or some other person eligible for election. In default the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been re-elected except in either of the following cases:
  - (a) where at such meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill such office or a resolution for the re-election of such Director is put to the meeting and lost; or
- (b) where such Director has given Notice to the Company that he is unwilling to be re-elected.

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- (5) The retirement of a Director pursuant to the foregoing sub-paragraphs of this Bye-law shall not have effect until the conclusion of the meeting except where a resolution is passed to elect some other person in the place of the retiring Director or a resolution for his re-election is put to the meeting and lost. Accordingly, a retiring Director who is re-elected or deemed to have been re-elected will continue in office without a break.
- ★#89.No person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any general meeting unless a Notice signed by a Member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such Notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election together with such person's information as may be required to be disclosed by the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules and also a Notice signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the Registration Office provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such Notice(s) are given, shall be at least seven (7) days and that (if the Notices are submitted after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election) the period for lodgment of such Notice(s) shall commence no earlier thanon the day after the dispatchdespatch of the Notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of such general meeting.

### DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

- 90. The office of a Director shall be vacated if the Director:
- $\Delta$ # (1) resigns his office by Notice delivered to the Company at the Office or tendered at a meeting of the Board;
  - (2) becomes of unsound mind or dies;
- △ (4) becomes bankrupt or has a receiving order made against him or suspends payment or compounds with his creditors;
- rightarrow (5) is prohibited by law from being a Director; or
  - (6) ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Statutes or is removed from office pursuant to these Bye-laws.

No Director shall be required to vacate office or be ineligible for re-election or re-appointment as a Director, and no person shall be ineligible for appointment as a Director, by reason only of his having attained any particular age.

#### EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

- A=91. The Board may from time to time appoint <u>any</u> one or more of its body to be a managing director, joint managing director or deputy managing director or to hold any other employment or executive office with the Company for such period (subject to the Statutestheir continuance as Directors) and upon such terms as the Board may determine and the Board may revoke or terminate any of such appointments. Any such revocation or termination as aforesaid shall be without prejudice to any claim for damages that such Director may have against the Company or the Company may have against such Director for any breach. A Director appointed to an office under this Bye-law shall be subject to the same provisions as to removal as the other Directors, and he shall (subject to the provisions of any contract-of service between him and the Company-which may be involved in) ipso facto and immediately cease to hold such revocation or termination\_office if he shall cease to hold the office of Director for any cause.
- 92. AnNotwithstanding Bye-laws 97, 98, 99 and 100, an executive Director appointed to an office under Bye-law 91 hereof shall receive such remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise or by all or any of those modes) and-with such other benefits (including pension and/or gratuity and/or other benefits on retirement) and allowances as the Board may from time to time determine, and either in addition to or in lieu of his remuneration as a Director.

#### ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- $\triangle$ 93. Subject to the Statutes, any Any Director may at any time by Notice delivered to the Office or head office or at a meeting of the Directors appoint any person to be his alternate Director-and may at his discretion remove such alternate Director. Any person so appointed shall have all the rights and powers of the Director or Directors for whom such person is appointed in the alternative provided that such person shall not be counted more than once in determining whether or not a quorum is present. An alternate Director may be removed at any time by the person or body which appointed him and, subject thereto, the office of alternate Director shall continue until the happening of any event which, if he were a Director, would cause him to vacate such office or if his appointor ceases for any reason to be a Director. If such alternate Director is not another Director, such appointment, unless previously approved by the Board, shall have effect only upon and subject to it being so approved. Any appointment or removal of an alternate Director shall be effected by Notice signed by the appointor and delivered to the Office or head office or tendered at a meeting of the Board. An alternate Director may also be a Director in his own right and may act as alternate to more than one Director. An alternate Director shall, if his appointor so requests, be entitled to receive Notices of meetings of the Board or of committees of the Board to the same extent as, but in lieu of, the Director appointing him and shall be entitled to such extent to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present and generally at such meeting to exercise and discharge all the functions, powers and duties of his appointor as a Director and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of these Bye-laws shall apply as if he were a Director save that as an alternate for more than one Director his voting rights shall be cumulative.
- $\triangle$ 94. Every person acting as an<u>An</u> alternate Director shall (except as regards power to appoint an alternateonly be a Director for the purposes of the Act and remuneration)shall only be subject-in all respects to the provisions of these Bye-lawsthe Act insofar as they relate to the duties and the Act relating to Directorsobligations of a Director when performing the functions of the Director for whom he is appointed in the alternative and shall alone be responsible to the Company for his acts and defaults and shall not be deemed to be the agent of or for the Director appointing him. An alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified by the Company to the same extent *mutatis mutandis* as if he were a Director but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company any fee in his capacity as an alternate Director except only such part, if any, of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by Notice to the Company from time to time direct.

An alternate Director shall ipso facto cease to be an alternate Director if his appointor ceases for any reason to be a Director provided however, such alternate Director or any other person may be re-appointed by the Directors to serve as an alternate Director PROVIDED always that, if at any meeting any Director retires by rotation or otherwise but is re-elected at the same meeting, any appointment made by him of such alternate Director pursuant to these Bye-laws which was in force immediately before his retirement shall remain in force as though he had not retired.

### DIRECTORS' FEES AND EXPENSES

- A=97. The ordinary remuneration of the Directors shall from time to time be determined by the Company in general meeting and shall (unless otherwise directed by the resolution by which it is voted) be divided amongst the Board in such proportions and in such manner as itthe Board may agree or, failing agreement, equally, except that any Director who shall hold office for part only of the period in respect of which such remuneration is payable shall be entitled only to rank in such division for a proportion of remuneration related to the period during which he has held office. Such remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day.
- 98. Each Director shall be entitled to be <u>repaid or</u> prepaid all travelling, hotel and incidental expenses reasonably <u>incurred or</u> expected to be incurred by him in attending meetings of the Board or committees of the Board or general meetings or separate meetings of any class of shares or of debentures of the Company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of his duties as a Director.

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

- 101. A Director may:
  - (a) hold any other office or place of profit with the Company (except that of Auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and, subject to the relevant provisions of the Act, upon such terms as the Board may determine. Any remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise) paid to any Director in respect of any such other office or place of profit shall be in addition to any remuneration provided for by or pursuant to any other Bye-law;

- (b) act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as Auditor) and he or his firm may be remunerated for professional services as if he were not a Director;
- continue to be or become a director, managing director, joint managing director, deputy  $\rightarrow$ (c) managing director, executive director, manager or other officer or member of any other company promoted by the Company or in which the Company may be interested as a vendor, shareholder or otherwise and (unless otherwise agreed) no such Director shall be accountable for any remuneration, profits or other benefits received by him as a director, managing director, joint managing director, deputy managing director, executive director, manager or other officer or member of or from his interests in any such other company. The Subject as otherwise provided by these Bye-laws, the Directors may exercise or caused to be exercised the voting powers conferred by the shares in any other company held or owned by the Company, or exercisable by them as directors of such other company in such manner in all respects as they think fit (including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing themselves or any of them as directors, managing directors, joint managing directors, deputy managing directors, executive directors, managers or other officers of such company) or voting or providing for the payment of remuneration to the director, managing director, joint managing director, deputy managing director, executive director, manager or other officers of such other company and any Director of the Company may vote in favour of the exercise of such voting rights in manner aforesaid notwithstanding that he may be, or about to be, appointed a director, managing director, joint managing director, deputy managing director, executive director, manager or other officer of such a company, and that as such he is or may become interested in the exercise of such voting rights in manner aforesaid.
- 103. A Director who to his knowledge is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature of his interest at the meeting of the Board at which the question of entering into the contract or arrangement is first considered, if he knows his interest then exists, or in any other case at the first meeting of the Board after he knows that he is or has become so interested. For the purposes of this Bye-law, a general nNotice to the Board by a dDirector to the effect that:
  - (a) he is a member or officer of a specified company or firm and is to be regarded as interested in any contract or arrangement which may after the date of the <u>mNotice</u> be made with that company or firm; or
  - (b) he is to be regarded as interested in any contract or arrangement which may after the date of the nNotice be made with a specified person who is connected with him;

shall be deemed to be a sufficient declaration of interest under this Bye-law in relation to any such contract or arrangement, provided that no such nN otice shall be effective unless either it is given at a meeting of the Board or the Director takes reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the next Board meeting after it is given.

- $\Delta$ #104.(1) A Director shall not vote (nor be counted in the quorum) on any resolution of the Board approving any contract or arrangement or any other proposal in which he or any of his close associates is materially interested, but this prohibition shall not apply to any of the following matters namely:
- $\triangle$  (i) any contract or arrangement for the giving of any security or indemnity either:-
  - (a) to such the Director or his close associate(s) any security or indemnity in respect of money lent by him or any of his close associates or obligations incurred or undertaken by him or any of his close associates them at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; or
- △ (ii) any contract or arrangement for the giving of any security or indemnity (b) to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for which the Director or his close associate(s) has himself/themselves assumed responsibility in whole or in part and whether alone or jointly under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security;
- (iii)(ii) any proposal concerning an offer of shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any other company which the Company may promote or be interested in for subscription or purchase, where the Director or his close associate(s) is/are or is/are to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of the offer;
- (iv) any contract or arrangement in which the Director or his close associate(s) is/are interested in the same manner as other holders of shares or debentures or other securities of the Company or any of its subsidiaries by virtue only of his/their interest in shares or debentures or other securities of the Company or any of its subsidiaries;

- (vi)(iii) any proposal or arrangement concerning the benefit of employees of the Company or its subsidiaries including:
  - (a) the adoption, modification or operation of <u>any employees' share scheme or</u> <u>any</u> share incentive or share option scheme, <u>under which the Director or his</u> close associate(s) may benefit; or
  - (b) the adoption, modification or operation of a pension fund or retirement, death or disability benefits scheme which relates both-to directors, their the Director, their his close associates (and if required by the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, his other associates(s)) and employees(s) of the Company or of-any of its subsidiaries and does not provide in respect of any Director, or his close associate(s), as such any privilege or advantage not generally accorded to the class of persons to which such scheme or fund relates-;
  - (iv) any contract or arrangement in which the Director or his close associate(s) is/are interested in the same manner as other holders of shares or debentures or other securities of the Company by virtue only of his/their interest in shares or debentures or other securities of the Company.
- △ (2) If any question shall arise at any meeting of the Board as to the materiality of the interest of a Director (other than the chairman of the meeting) or as to the entitlement of any Director (other than such chairman) to vote and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting, such question shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to such other Director shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the Director concerned as known to such Director has not been fairly disclosed to the Board. If any question as aforesaid shall arise in respect of the chairman of the meeting such question shall be decided by a resolution of the Board (for which purpose such chairman shall not vote thereon) and such resolution shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the board are solution shall be final and conclusive to the board.
- △ For the purpose of this Bye-law 104, "subsidiaries" shall have the same meaning as defined in the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange.

#### GENERAL POWERS OF THE DIRECTORS

- 105. (1) The business of the Company shall be managed and conducted by the Board, which may pay all expenses incurred in forming and registering the Company and may exercise all powers of the Company (whether relating to the management of the business of the Company or otherwise) which are not by the Statutes or by these Bye-laws required to be exercised by the Company in general meeting, subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Statutes and of these Bye-laws and to such regulations being not inconsistent with such provisions, as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting, but no regulations made by the Company in general meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulations had not been made. The general powers given by this Bye-law shall not be limited or restricted by any special authority or power given to the Board by any other Bye-law.
  - (2) Any person contracting or dealing with the Company in the ordinary course of business shall be entitled to rely on any written or oral contract or agreement or deed, document or instrument entered into or executed as the case may be by any two of the Directors acting jointly on behalf of the Company and the same shall be deemed to be validly entered into or executed by the Company as the case may be and shall, subject to any rule of law, be binding on the Company.
- △ (3) Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by these Bye-laws it is hereby expressly declared that the Board shall have the following powers:
  - (a) To give to any person the right or option of requiring at a future date that an allotment shall be made to him of any share at par or at such premium as may be agreed.
  - (b) To give to any Directors, officers or servants of the Company an interest in any particular business or transaction or participation in the profits thereof or in the general profits of the Company either in addition to or in substitution for a salary or other remuneration.
- △ (c) To resolve that the Company be discontinued in Bermuda and continued in a named country or jurisdiction outside Bermuda subject to the provisions of the Act.

- 107. The Board may by power of attorney appoint<u>under the Seal</u> any company, firm or person or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these Bye-laws) and for such period and subject to such conditions as it may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Board may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him. Such attorney or attorneys may, if so authorised under the Seal of the Company, execute any deed or instrument under their personal seal with the same effect as the affixation of the <del>Company's</del>-Seal.
- 108. The Board may entrust to and confer upon a managing director, joint managing director, deputy managing director, an executive director or any Director any of the powers exercisable by it upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as it thinks fit, and either collaterally with, or to the exclusion of, its own powers, and may from time to time revoke or vary all or any of such powers but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of such revocation or variation shall be affected thereby.

#### BORROWING POWERS

- $\pm$ 112. Debentures, bonds and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.
- - (2) The Board shall cause a proper register to be kept, in accordance with the provisions of the Act, of all charges specifically affecting the property of the Company and of any series of debentures issued by the Company and shall duly comply with the requirements of the Act in regard to the registration of charges and debentures therein specified and otherwise.

#### PROCEEDINGS OF THE DIRECTORS

- 115. The Board may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn<u>or postpone</u> and otherwise regulate its meetings as it considers appropriate. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes. In the case of any equality of votes the chairman of the meeting shall have an additional or casting vote.
- △116. A meeting of the Board may be convened by the Secretary on request of a Director or by any Director. The Secretary shall convene a meeting of the Board of which notice maywhenever he shall be required so to do by any Director. Notice of a meeting of the Board shall be deemed to be duly given to a Director if it is given to such Director in writing or verbally (including in person or by telephone) or viaby electronic mailmeans to an electronic address from time to time notified to the Company by such Director or (if the recipient consents to it being made available on a website) by making it available on a website or in such other manner as the Board may from time to time determine whenever he shall be required so to do by the president or chairman, as the case may be, or any Director. Any Director may waive notice of any meeting either prospectively or retrospectively.
- ⇒117. (1) The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Board may be fixed by the Board and, unless so fixed at any other number, shall be two (2). An alternate Director shall be counted in a quorum in the case of the absence of a Director for whom he is the alternate provided that he shall not be counted more than once for the purpose of determining whether or not a quorum is present.
- △ (2) Directors may participate in any meeting of the Board by means of a conference telephone, electronic or other communications equipment through which all persons participating in the meeting can communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously and, for the purpose of counting a quorum, such participation shall constitute presence at a meeting as if those participating were present in person.
  - (3) Any Director who ceases to be a Director at a Board meeting may continue to be present and to act as a Director and be counted in the quorum until the termination of the<u>such</u> Board meeting if no other Director objects and if otherwise a quorum of Directors would not be present.

- 119. The Board may elect <u>aone or more</u> chairman and one or more deputy chairman of its meetings and determine the period for which they are respectively to hold such office. If no chairman or deputy chairman is elected, or if at any meeting <u>neither theno</u> chairman <u>nor anyor</u> deputy chairman is present within five (5) minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- 121. (1) The Board may delegate any of its powers, authorities and discretions to committees, consisting of such director or directorsDirector or Directors and other persons as it thinks fit, and they may, from time to time, revoke such delegation or revoke the appointment of and discharge any such committees either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes. Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers, authorities and discretions so delegated, conform to any regulations which may be imposed on it by the Board.
  - (2) All acts done by any such committee in conformity with such regulations, and in fulfilment of the purposes for which it was appointed, but not otherwise, shall have like force and effect as if done by the Board, and the Board shall have power, with the consent of the Company in general meeting, to remunerate the members of any <u>specialsuch</u> committee, and charge such remuneration to the current expenses of the Company.
- $\pm$ 123. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors except such as are temporarily unable to act through ill-health or disability, and all the alternate Directors, if appropriate, whose appointors subject to Bye law 93 are temporarily unable to act as aforesaid shall (be as valid and effectual as if a resolution had been passed at a meeting of the Board duly convened and held provided that such number is sufficient to constitute a quorum and further provided that a copy of such resolution has been given or the contents thereof communicated to all the Directors for the time being entitled to receive Notices of Board meetings in the same manner as Notices of meetings are required to be given by these Bye-laws) be as valid and effectual as if a resolution had been passed at a meeting of the Board duly convened and held and further provided that no Director is aware of or has received any objection to the resolution from any Director. A notification of consent to such resolution given by a Director in writing to the Board by any means (including by means of electronic communication) shall be deemed to be his/her signature to such resolution in writing for the purpose of this Bye-law. Such resolution may be contained in one document or in several documents in like form each signed by one or more of the Directors or alternate Directors and for this purpose a facsimile signature of a Director or an alternate Director shall be treated as valid provided that the document containing the original signature of the Director or alternate Director is deposited with the Secretary within ten (10) days from the date of the facsimile. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a resolution in writing shall not be passed in lieu of a meeting of the Board for the purposes of considering any matter or business in which a substantial shareholder of the Company or a Director has a conflict of interest and the Board has determined that such conflict of interest to be material.

124. All acts bona fide done by the Board or by any committee or by any person acting as a Director or members of a committee, shall, notwithstanding that it is afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any member or of the Board or such committee or person acting as aforesaid or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director or member of such committee.

#### MANAGERS

### OFFICERS

- △128.(1) Subject to the Statutes, the The officers of the Company shall consist of a chairman, managing director, the Directors and Secretary and such additional officers (who may or may not be Directors) as the Board may from time to time determine, all of whom shall be deemed to be officers for the purposes of the Statutes and Act and, subject to Bye-law 132A(4), these Bye-laws.
- △ (2) Subject to the Statutes, the Directors of the Company shall, as soon as may be after each appointment or election of Directors, elect one of their number to be chairman and another of their number to be managing director; and if more than one Director is proposed for either of these offices, the election to such office shall take place in such manner as the Directors may determine.
  - (3) The officers shall receive such remuneration as the Directors may from time to time determine.
  - (4) Subject to the Statutes, where Where the Company does not have a quorum of directors appoints and maintains a resident representative ordinarily resident in Bermuda, the Company shall in accordance with the Statutes appoint and maintain a resident representative (being a person ordinarily resident in Bermuda) and the Act, the resident representative shall-maintain an office in Bermuda and comply with the provisions of the Statutes Act.
  - (5) The Company shall provide the resident representative with such documents and information as the resident representative may require in order to be able to comply with the provisions of the StatutesAct.
  - (6) The resident representative shall be entitled to have notice of, attend and be heard at all meetings of the Directors or of any committee of such Directors or general meetings of the Company.
- $\Rightarrow$ 129.(1) The Secretary and additional officers, if any, shall be appointed by the Board and shall hold office on such terms and for such period as the Board may determine. If thought fit, two (2) or more persons may be appointed as joint Secretaries. The Board may also appoint from time to time on such terms as it thinks fit one or more assistant or deputy Secretaries.
  - (2) The Secretary shall attend all meetings of the Members and of the Directors and shall keep correct minutes of<sup>2</sup> such meetings and enter the same in the proper books provided for the purpose. He shall perform such other duties as are prescribed by the Act or these Bye-laws or as may be prescribed by the Board.

△ﷺ130. Subject to these Bye-laws, the president or the chairman, as the case may be, shall act as chairman at all meetings of the Members and of the Directors at which he is present.

#### REGISTER OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

- $\Delta$ 132A. (1) The Board shall cause to be kept in one or more books at the Office a Register of Directors and Officers and shall enter therein the following particulars with respect to each Director and Officer, that is to say:
- $\Delta$  (a) in the case of an individual, his or her present first name, surname and address; and
- rightarrow (b) in the case of a company, its name and registered office.
- rightarrow (2) The Board shall within a period of fourteen (14) days from the occurrence of:
- $\Delta$  (a) any change among the Directors and Officers; or
- $\Delta$  (b) any change in the particulars contained in the Register of Directors and Officers,
- $\Delta$  cause to be entered on the Register of Directors and Officers the particulars of such change.
- rightarrow (3) The Register of Directors and Officers shall be open to inspection by members of the public without charge at the Office between 10:00 a.m. and 12:00 noon during business hours.
- rightarrow (4) In this Bye-law "Officer" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 92A(7) of the Act.

#### MINUTES

- 133. (1) The Board shall cause Minutes to be duly entered in books provided for the purpose:
  - (a) of all elections and appointments of officers;
  - (b) of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors and of any committee of the Directors;
  - (c) of all resolutions and proceedings of each general meeting of the Members, and meetings of the Board and meetings of committees of the Board.

(2) Minutes prepared in accordance with the Act and these Bye-laws shall be kept by the Secretary at the Office.

### SEAL

- 134. (1) The Company shall have one or more Seals, as the Board may determine. For the purpose of sealing documents creating or evidencing securities issued by the Company, the Company may have a securities seal which is a facsimile of the Seal-of the Company with the addition of the words "Securities Seal" on its face or in such other form as the Board may approve. The Board shall provide for the custody of each Seal and no Seal shall be used without the authority of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by the Board in that behalf. Subject as otherwise provided in these Bye-laws, any instrument to which a Seal is affixed shall be signed autographically by one Director and the Secretary or by two Directors or by such other person (including a Director) or persons as the Board may appoint, either generally or in any particular case, save that as regards any certificates for shares or debentures or other securities of the Company the Board may by resolution determine that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with or affixed by some method or system of mechanical signature. Every instrument executed in the manner provided by this Bye-law shall be deemed to be sealed and executed with the authority of the Board previously given.
  - (2) Where the Company has a Seal for use abroad, the Board may by writing under the Seal appoint any agent or committee abroad to be the duly authorised agent of the Company for the purpose of affixing and using such Seal and the Board may impose restrictions on the use thereof as may be thought fit. Wherever in these Bye-laws reference is made to the Seal, the reference shall, when and so far as may be applicable, be deemed to include any such other Seal as aforesaid.

#### DESTRUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

- $\Delta$ 136. (1) The Company shall be entitled to destroy the following documents at the following times:
  - (a) any share certificate which has been cancelled at any time after the expiry of one (1) year from the date of such cancellation;
  - (b) any dividend mandate or any variation or cancellation thereof or any notification of change of name or address at any time after the expiry of two (2) years from the date such mandate variation cancellation or notification was recorded by the Company;
  - (c) any instrument of transfer of shares which has been registered at any time after the expiry of seven (7) years from the date of registration;

- (d) any allotment letters after the expiry of seven (7) years from the date of issue thereof; and
- (e) copies of powers of attorney, grants of probate and letters of administration at any time after the expiry of seven (7) years after the account to which the relevant power of attorney, grant of probate or letters of administration related has been closed;

and it shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company that every entry in the Register purporting to be made on the basis of any such documents so destroyed was duly and properly made and every share certificate so destroyed was a valid certificate duly and properly cancelled and that every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered and that every other document destroyed hereunder was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company. Provided always that: (1) the foregoing provisions of this Bye-law shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without express notice to the Company that the preservation of such document was relevant to a claim; (2) nothing contained in this Bye-law shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any case where the conditions of proviso (1) above are not fulfilled; and (3) references in this Bye-law to the destruction of any document include references to its disposal in any manner.

△ (2) Notwithstanding any provision contained in these Bye-laws, the Directors may, if permitted by applicable law, authorise the destruction of documents set out in sub-paragraphs (a) to (e) of paragraph (1) of this Bye-law and any other documents in relation to share registration which have been microfilmed or electronically stored by the Company or by the share registrar on its behalf provided always that this Bye-law shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without express notice to the Company and its share registrar that the preservation of such document was relevant to a claim.

#### DIVIDENDS AND OTHER PAYMENTS

- ☆138. No dividend shall be paid or distribution made out of contributed surplus if to do so would render the Company unable to pay its liabilities as they become due or the realisable value of its assets would thereby become less than its liabilities.

- $\pm$ 145. Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting has resolved that a dividend be paid or declared, the Board may further resolve that such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets of any kind and in particular of paid up shares, debentures or warrants to subscribe securities of the Company or any other company, or in any one or more of such ways, and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution the Board may settle the same as it thinks expedient, and in particular may issue certificates in respect of fractions of shares, disregard fractional entitlements or round the same up or down, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets, or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Board and may appoint any person to sign any requisite instruments of transfer and other documents on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appointment shall be effective and binding on the Members. The Board may resolve that no such assets shall be made available to Members with registered addresses in any particular territory or territories where, in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities, such distribution of assets would or might, in the opinion of the Board, be unlawful or impracticable and in such event the only entitlement of the Members aforesaid shall be to receive cash payments as aforesaid. Members affected as a result of the foregoing sentence shall not be or be deemed to be a separate class of Members for any purpose whatsoever.
- $\Delta$ 146.(1) Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting has resolved that a dividend be paid or declared on any class of the share capital of the Company, the Board may further resolve either:
  - (a) that such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up, provided that the shareholders entitled thereto will be entitled to elect to receive such dividend (or part thereof if the Board so determines) in cash in lieu of such allotment. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:
    - (i) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board;
    - (ii) the Board, after determining the basis of allotment, shall give not less than two
      (2) weeks' Notice to the holders of the relevant shares of the right of election accorded to them and shall send with such Notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective;

- (iii) the right of election may be exercised in respect of the whole or part of that portion of the dividend in respect of which the right of election has been accorded; and
- (iv) the dividend (or that part of the dividend to be satisfied by the allotment of shares as aforesaid) shall not be payable in cash on shares in respect whereof the cash election has not been duly exercised ("the non-elected shares") and in satisfaction thereof shares <u>of the relevant class</u> shall be allotted credited as fully paid up to the holders of the non-elected shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Board shall capitalise and apply out of any part of the undivided profits of the Company (including profits carried and standing to the credit of any reserves or other special account other than the Subscription Rights Reserve) (as defined below)) as the Board may determine, such sum as may be required to pay up in full the appropriate number of shares <u>of the relevant class</u> for allotment and distribution to and amongst the holders of the non-elected shares on such basis; or
- (b) that the shareholders entitled to such dividend shall be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up in lieu of the whole or such part of the dividend as the Board may think fit. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:
  - (i) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board;
  - (ii) the Board, after determining the basis of allotment, shall give not less than two
    (2) weeks' Notice to the holders of the relevant shares of the right of election accorded to them and shall send with such Notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective;
  - (iii) the right of election may be exercised in respect of the whole or part of that portion of the dividend in respect of which the right of election has been accorded; and

- (iv) the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been accorded) shall not be payable in cash on shares in respect whereof the share election has been duly exercised ("the elected shares") and in lieu thereof shares of the relevant class shall be allotted credited as fully paid up to the holders of the elected shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Board shall capitalise and apply out of any part of the undivided profits of the Company (including profits carried and standing to the credit of any reserves or other special account other than the Subscription Rights Reserve) (as defined below)) as the Board may determine, such sum as may be required to pay up in full the appropriate number of shares of the relevant class for allotment and distribution to and amongst the holders of the elected shares on such basis.
- △ (2) (a) The shares allotted pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this Bye-law shall rank pari passu in all respects with shares of the same class (if any) then in issue save only as regards participation in the relevant dividend or in any other distributions, bonuses or rights paid, made, declared or announced prior to or contemporaneously with the payment or declaration of the relevant dividend unless, contemporaneously with the announcement by the Board of their proposal to apply the provisions of sub-paragraph (a) or (b) of paragraph (1) of this Bye-law in relation to the relevant dividend or contemporaneously with their announcement of the distribution, bonus or rights in question, the Board shall specify that the shares to be allotted pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this Bye-law shall rank for participation in such distribution, bonus or rights.
- (b) The Board may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any capitalisation pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this Bye-1aw, with full power to the Board to make such provisions as it thinks fit in the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are aggregated and sold and the net proceeds distributed to those entitled, or are disregarded or rounded up or down or whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the Members concerned). The Board may authorise any person to enter into on behalf of all Members interested, an agreement with the Company providing for such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made pursuant to such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.
  - (3) The Company may upon the recommendation of the Board by special resolution resolve in respect of any one particular dividend of the Company that notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of this Bye-law a dividend may be satisfied wholly in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up without offering any right to shareholders to elect to receive such dividend in cash in lieu of such allotment.

65

- A (4) The Board may on any occasion determine that rights of election and the allotment of shares under paragraph (1) of this Bye-law shall not be made available or made to any shareholders with registered addresses in any territory where, in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities, the circulation of an offer of such rights of election or the allotment of shares would or might, in the opinion of the Board, be unlawful or impracticable, and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject to such determination. Members affected as a result of the foregoing sentence shall not be or be deemed to be a separate class of Members for any purpose whatsoever.

#### CAPITALISATION

The Company may, upon the recommendation of the Board, at any time and from time to  $\pm 148.(1)$ time pass an ordinary resolution to the effect that it is desirable to capitalise all or any part of any amount for the time being standing to the credit of any reserve or fund (including the profit and loss account) whether or not the same is available for distribution and accordingly that such amount be set free for distribution among the Members or any class of Members who would be entitled thereto if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions, on the footing that the same is not paid in cash but is applied either in or towards paying up the amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares in the Company held by such Members respectively or in paying up in full unissued shares, debentures, or other obligations of the Company, to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid up among such Members, or partly in one way and partly in the other, and the Board shall give effect to such resolution provided that, for the purposes of this Bye-law, a share premium account and any reserve or fund representing unrealised profits, may be applied only in paying up in full unissued shares of the Company to be allotted to such Members credited as fully paid. In carrying sums to reserve and in applying the same the Board shall comply with the provisions of the Act.

Notwithstanding any provisions in these Bye-laws, the Board may resolve to capitalise all or (2)any part of any amount for the time being standing to the credit of any reserve or fund (including the profit and loss account) whether or not the same is available for distribution by applying such sum in paying up unissued shares to be allotted to (i) employees (including Directors) of the Company and/or its affiliates (meaning any individual, corporation, partnership, association, joint-stock company, trust, unincorporated association or other entity (other than the Company) that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with, the Company) upon exercise or vesting of any options or awards granted under any share incentive scheme or employee benefit scheme or other arrangement which relates to such persons that has been adopted or approved by the Members at a general meeting; or (ii) any trustee of any trust to whom shares are to be allotted and issued by the Company in connection with the operation of any share incentive scheme or employee benefit scheme or other arrangement which relates to such persons that has been adopted or approved by the Members at a general meeting.

### RECORD DATES

 $\Delta$ 151. [Intentionally deleted]

### ACCOUNTING RECORDS

- 154. Subject to Section 88 of the Act and Bye-law 154A, a printed copy of the Director's report, accompanied by the balance sheet and profit and loss account, including every document required by law to be annexed thereto, made up to the end of the applicable financial year and containing a summary of the assets and liabilities of the Company under convenient heads and a statement of income and expenditure, together with a copy of the Auditors' report, shall be sent to each person entitled thereto at least twenty-one (21) days before the date of the general meeting and at the same time as the Notice of annual general meeting and laid before the Company in general meeting in accordance with the requirements of the Act provided that this Bye-law shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person whose address the Company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any shares or debentures.

- A<sup>±</sup>154A. To the extent permitted by and subject to due compliance with all applicable Statutes, rules and regulations, including, without limitation, the rules of the Designated Stock ExchangeListing Rules, and to obtaining all necessary consents, if any, required thereunder, the requirements of Bye-law 154 shall be deemed satisfied in relation to any person by sending to the person in any manner not prohibited by the Statutes and instead of such copies, a summary, summarised financial statements derived from the Company's annual accounts and the dDirectors' report which shall be in the form and containing the information required by applicable laws, rules and regulations, provided that any person who is otherwise entitled to the annual financial statements of the Company and the dDirectors' report thereon may, if he so requires by Notice served on the Company, demand that the Company's annual financial statement and the dDirectors' report thereon.
- A±154B. The requirement to send to a person referred to in Bye-law 154 the documents referred to in that bye-lawprovision or a summary financial report in accordance with Bye-law 154A shall be deemed satisfied where, to the extent permitted by and in accordance with all applicable Statutes, rules and regulations, including, without limitation, the rules of the Designated Stock ExchangeListing Rules, the Company publishes copies of the documents referred to in Bye-law 154 and, if applicable, a summary financial report complying with Bye-law 154A, on the Company's website or in any other permitted manner (including by sending any form of electronic communication), and that person has agreed or is deemed to have agreed to treat the publication or receipt of such documents in such manner as discharging the Company's obligation to send to him a copy of such documents.

#### AUDIT

- △155. (1) Subject to Section 88 of the Act, at the annual general meeting or at a subsequent special general meeting in each year, the Members shall appoint an auditor to audit the accounts of the Company and such auditor shall hold office until the Members appoint another auditor. Such auditor may be a Member but no Director or officer or employee of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible to act as an auditor of the Company.
- △ (2) Subject to Section 89 of the Act, a person, other than an incumbent Auditor, shall not be capable of being appointed Auditor at an annual general meeting unless Notice of an intention to nominate that person to the office of Auditor has been given not less than twenty-one (21) days before the annual general meeting and furthermore, the Company shall send a copy of any such Notice to the incumbent Auditor.
- A (3) The Members may, at any general meeting convened and held in accordance with these Byelaws, by specialextraordinary resolution remove the Auditor at any time before the expiration of his term of office and shall by ordinary resolution at that meeting appoint another Auditor in his stead for the remainder of his term.

- 158A. The Directors may fill any casual vacancy in the office of Auditor but while any such vacancy continues the surviving or continuing Auditor or Auditors, if any, may act. The remuneration of any Auditor appointed by the Directors under this Bye-law may be fixed by the Board. Subject to Bye-law 155(3), an Auditor appointed under this Bye-law shall hold office until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be subject to appointment by the Members under Bye-law 155(1) at such remuneration to be determined by the Members under Bye-law 157.
- ⇒160. The statement of income and expenditure and the balance sheet provided for by these Bye-Llaws shall be examined by the Auditor and compared by him with the books, accounts and vouchers relating thereto; and he shall make a written report thereon stating whether such statement and balance sheet are drawn up so as to present fairly the financial position of the Company and the results of its operations for the period under review and, in case information shall have been called for from Directors or officers of the Company, whether the same has been furnished and has been satisfactory. The financial statements of the Company shall be audited by the Auditor in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The Auditor shall make a written report thereon in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the report of the Auditor shall be submitted to the Members in general meeting and shall, after approval at such meeting, be conclusive. The generally accepted auditing standards referred to herein may be those of a country or jurisdiction other than Bermuda. If the auditing standards of a country or jurisdiction other than Bermuda are used, the financial statements and the report of the Auditor should disclose this fact and name such country or jurisdiction.

#### NOTICES

- △\*161.(1) Any Notice or document (including any "corporate communication" within the meaning ascribed thereto under the rules of the Designated Stock ExchangeListing Rules), whether or not, to be given or issued under these Bye-laws from the Company-to a Member shall be in writing or by cable, telex or facsimile transmission message or other form of electronic transmission or electronic communication and any such Notice or and document may be servedgiven or deliveredissued by the Company on or to any Member eitherfollowing means:
  - (ia) by serving it personally on the relevant person;
  - (iib) by sending it through the post in a prepaid envelope addressed to such Member at his registered address as appearing in the Register or at any other address supplied by him to the Company for the purpose;
  - (iiic) as the case may be, by transmitting by delivering or leaving it to any at such addressit to any such address or transmitting it to any telex or facsimile transmission number or electronic number or address or website supplied by him to the Company for the giving/delivering of Notice and or document to him or which the person transmitting the Notice and or document reasonably and bona fide believes at the relevant time will result in the Notice and or document being duly received by the Memberas aforesaid;
  - (ivd) by placing an advertisement in appointed newspapers or other publication and where applicable, (as defined in the Act) or in newspapers published daily and circulating generally in the territory of and in accordance with the requirements of the Designated Stock Exchange;-or

- (e) by sending or transmitting it as an electronic communication to the relevant person at such electronic address as he may provide under Bye-law 162(¥5) to the extent permitted by in accordance with the applicable laws, rules and regulations, by placing, subject to the Company complying with the Statutes and any other applicable laws, rules and regulations from time to time in force with regard to any requirements for the obtaining of consent (or deemed consent) from such person;
- (f) by publishing it on the Company's website or the website ofto which the Designated Stock Exchange, andrelevant person may have access, subject to the Company complying with the Statutes and any other applicable laws, rules and regulations from time to time in force with regard to any requirements for the obtaining of consent (or deemed consent) from such person and/or for giving notification to any such person that the Member a notice stating that the Notice or other, document or publication is available thereon the Company's computer network website (a "Notice of Availability").
- (g) by sending or otherwise making it available to such person through such other means to the extent permitted by and in accordance with the Statutes and other applicable laws, rules and regulations.
- (2) The Notice of Availability may be given to the Memberby any of the means set out above other than by posting it on a website.
- (3) In the case of joint holders of a share all Notices and/or documentsnotices shall be given to that one of the joint holders whose name stands first in the Register and the Notices and/or documentsnotice so given shall be deemed a sufficient service on or delivery to all the joint holders.
- (4) Every person who, by operation of law, transfer, transmission, or other means whatsoever,
  shall become entitled to any share, shall be bound by every notice in respect of such share,
  which, previously to his name and address (including electronic address) being entered in
  the Register as the registered holder of such share, shall have been duly given to the person
  from whom he derives title to such share.
- (5) Every Member or a person who is entitled to receive notice from the Company under the provisions of the Statutes or these Bye-laws may register with the Company an electronic address to which notices can be served upon him.
- (6) Subject to any applicable laws, rules and regulations and the terms of these Bye-laws, any notice, document or publication, including but not limited to the documents referred to in Bye-laws 154, 154A and 162 may be given in the English language only or in both the English language and the Chinese language.

- $\triangleq$ \*162. Any Notice or other document:
- (a) if served or delivered by post, shall-be sent airmail where appropriate be sent by airmail and shall be deemed to have been served or delivered aton the time when day following that on which the envelope containing the same, properly prepaid, and addressed-and, is put into the post; in proving such service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope or wrapper containing the Notice or document was properly addressed and put into the post and a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other officer of the Company or other person appointed by the Board that the envelope or wrapper containing the Notice or other document was so addressed and put into the post shall be conclusive evidence thereof;
- △ (b) if sent by electronic communication, shall be deemed to be served or deliveredgiven on the day on which it is transmitted from the server of the Company or its agent. A Notice or document publishedplaced on the Company's website or the website of the Designated Stock Exchange is deemed to have been served or deliveredgiven by the Company to a Member on the day following that on which a Notice of Availability is given or deemed to have been given toserved on the Member;
  - (c) if served by publishing it in newspapers in accordance with Bye-law 161 published on the Company's website, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day it is on which the notice, document or publication first so published appears on the Company's website to which the relevant person may have access or the day on which the Notice of Availability is deemed to have been served or delivered to such person under these Bye-laws, whichever is later;
  - (d) if served or delivered in any other manner contemplated by these Bye-laws, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered at the time of personal service or delivery or, as the case may be, at the time of the relevant <u>dispatch ordespatch</u>, transmission <u>or publication</u>; and in proving such service or delivery a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other officer of the Company or other person appointed by the Board as to the fact and time of such service, delivery, despatch,-or transmission <u>or publication</u> shall be conclusive evidence thereof; and
  - (e) may be given to a Member either in the English language or the Chinese language, subject to due compliance with all applicable Statutes, rules and regulationsif published as an advertisement in a newspaper or other publication permitted under these Bye-laws, shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the advertisement first so appears.

- △163. (1) Any Notice or other document delivered or sent by post to or left at the registered address of any Member in pursuance of these Bye-laws shall, notwithstanding that such Member is then dead or bankrupt or that any other event has occurred, and whether or not the Company has notice of the death or bankruptcy or other event, be deemed to have been duly served or delivered in respect of any share registered in the name of such Member as sole or joint holder unless his name shall, at the time of the service or delivery of the Notice or document, have been removed from the Register as the holder of the share, and such service or delivery shall for all purposes be deemed a sufficient service or delivery of such Notice or document on all persons interested (whether jointly with or as claiming through or under him) in the share.
- △ (2) A Notice may be given by the Company to the person entitled to a share in consequence of the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy of a Member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter, envelope or wrapper addressed to him by name, or by the title of representative of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description, at the address, if any, supplied for the purpose by the person claiming to be so entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by giving the Notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy had not occurred.
- △ (3) Any person who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by every Notice in respect of such share which prior to his name and address being entered on the Register shall have been duly given to the person from whom he derives his title to such share.

#### SIGNATURES

☆164. For the purposes of these Bye-laws, a eable or telex or facsimile or electronic transmission message purporting to come from a holder of shares or, as the case may be, a Director or alternate Director, or, in the case of a corporation which is a holder of shares or a Director or alternate Director, from a director or the secretary thereof or a duly appointed attorney or duly authorised representative thereof for it and on its behalf, shall in the absence of express evidence to the contrary available to the person relying thereon at the relevant time be deemed to be a document or instrument in writing signed by such holder or Director or alternate Director in the terms in which it is received. The signature to any notice or document to be given by the Company may be written, printed or made electronically.

#### WINDING UP

- 165. (1) <u>Subject to Bye-law 165(2), the The Board shall have power in the name and on behalf of the</u> Company to present a petition to the court for the Company to be wound up.
  - (2) A resolution that the Company be wound up by the court or be wound up voluntarily shall be a special resolution.
- 166. If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary or by the court) the liquidator may, with the authority of a special resolution and any other sanction required by the Act, divide among the Members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and whether or not the assets shall consist of propertyproperties of one kind or shall consist of properties to be divided as aforesaid of different kinds, and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the Members or different classes of Members. The liquidator may, with the like authority, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the Members as the liquidator with the like authority shall think fit, and the liquidation of the Company may be closed and the Company dissolved, but so that no contributory shall be compelled to accept any shares or other property in respect of which there is a liability.

#### INDEMNITY

167. (1) The Directors, Secretary and other officers and every Auditor of the Company for at any time, whether at present or in the time being of the Companypast, and the liquidator or trustees (if any) for the time being acting or who have acted in relation to any of the affairs of the Company and everyone of them, and everyone of their heirs, executors, and administrators, shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their heirs, executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices or trusts; and none of them shall be answerable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of the other or others of them or for joining in any receipts for the sake of conformity, or for any bankers or other persons with whom any moneys or effects belonging to the Company shall or may be lodged or deposited for safe custody, or for insufficiency or deficiency of any security upon which any moneys of or belonging to the Company shall be placed out on or invested, or for any other loss, misfortune or damage which may happen in the execution of their respective offices or trusts, or in relation thereto; PROVIDED THAT this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any wilful negligence, wilful default, fraud or dishonesty which may attach to any of said persons.

(2) Each Member agrees to waive any claim or right of action he might have, whether individually or by or in the right of the Company, against any Director on account of any action taken by such Director, or the failure of such Director to take any action in the performance of his duties with or for the Company; PROVIDED THAT such waiver shall not extend to any matter in respect of any-wilful negligence, wilful default, fraud or dishonesty which may attach to such Director.

### ALTERATION OF BYE-LAWS AND AMENDMENT TO MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION AND NAME OF COMPANY

168. No Bye-Llaw shall be rescinded, altered or amended and no new Bye-Llaw shall be made until the same has been approved by a resolution of the Directors and confirmed by a special resolution of the Members. A special resolution shall be required to alter the provisions of the memorandum of association or to change the name of the Company.

#### INFORMATION

Note:

1. The strikethrough symbols above shown at the left margin stand for the following:

\* Amended by Special Resolution passed on 28 June 2002.

- # Amended by Special Resolution passed on 8 June 2004.
- \*\* Amended by Special Resolution passed on 14 June 2006.
- △ Adopted/amended by Special Resolution passed on 2 June 2015.



**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the annual general meeting of CNT Group Limited (the "Company") will be held at 31st Floor, CNT Tower, 338 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong on Tuesday, 6 June 2023 at 11:00 a.m. for the following purposes:

### Ordinary business

- 1. To receive and consider the audited financial statements and the report of the directors and the independent auditor's report for the year ended 31 December 2022.
- 2. To declare a final dividend of HK2.0 cents per share for the year ended 31 December 2022.
- 3. (a) To re-elect Mr. Tsui Yam Tong, Terry as an executive director.
  - (b) To re-elect Mr. Ko Kwok Fai, Dennis as an independent non-executive director.
  - (c) To re-elect Ms. Lin Yingru as an independent non-executive director.
  - (d) To re-elect Mr. Cheng Wai Po, Samuel as an independent non-executive director.
  - (e) To authorise the board of directors of the Company (the "Board") to fix the directors' remuneration.
- 4. To re-appoint auditors and to authorise the Board to fix their remuneration.

### Special business

5. To consider and, if thought fit, pass with or without amendments, the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

### "THAT:

(a) subject to paragraph (c) below, the exercise by the Board during the Relevant Period (as defined below) of all the powers of the Company to allot, issue and otherwise deal with additional shares in the capital of the Company and to make, issue or grant offers, agreements and options which might require the exercise of such powers be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;

### **APPENDIX IV**

- (b) the approval in paragraph (a) above shall authorise the Board during the Relevant Period (as defined below) to make, issue or grant offers, agreements and options which might require the exercise of such powers after the end of the Relevant Period (as defined below);
- (c) the aggregate number of shares of the Company allotted and issued or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be allotted and issued (whether pursuant to an option or otherwise) by the Board pursuant to the approval in paragraph (a) above, otherwise than pursuant to (i) a Rights Issue (as defined below); or (ii) the exercise of the rights of subscription or conversion under the terms of any warrant or other securities issued by the Company carrying a right to subscribe for shares of the Company; or (iii) the exercise of subscription rights under any share option scheme of the Company; or (iv) an issue of shares as scrip dividends pursuant to the bye-laws of the Company from time to time, shall not exceed the aggregate of (i) 20% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date of this resolution; and (ii) subject to the passing of resolution 7 below, all those number of shares which may from time to time be bought back by the Company pursuant to the general mandate granted under resolution 6 below, and the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and
- (d) for the purpose of this resolution:

"Relevant Period" means the period from the passing of this resolution until whichever is the earliest of:

- (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by law to be held; and
- (iii) the revocation or variation of this resolution by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in general meeting.

"Rights Issue" means the allotment, issue or grant of shares of the Company pursuant to an offer open for a period fixed by the Board to holders of shares or any class thereof on the register of members of the Company on a fixed record date pro rata to their then holdings of such shares or class thereof (subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Board may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or having regard to any restriction or obligation under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body of any stock exchange in any territory outside Hong Kong)."

### **APPENDIX IV**

6. To consider and, if thought fit, pass with or without amendments, the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

### "THAT:

- (a) subject to paragraph (b) below, the exercise by the Board during the Relevant Period (as defined below) of all the powers of the Company to buy back its own shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") or on any other stock exchange recognised by the Securities and Futures Commission and the Stock Exchange for this purpose, subject to and in accordance with all applicable laws and the requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange or of any other stock exchange (as applicable) as amended from time to time, be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
- (b) the aggregate number of shares of the Company to be bought back by the Company pursuant to the approval in paragraph (a) above shall not exceed 10% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue at the date of this resolution, and the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and
- (c) for the purpose of this resolution, "Relevant Period" means the period from the passing of this resolution until whichever is the earliest of:
  - (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
  - (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by law to be held; and
  - (iii) the revocation or variation of this resolution by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in general meeting."
- 7. To consider and, if thought fit, pass with or without amendments, the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

**"THAT** the Board be and is hereby given a general mandate to add all those shares in the capital of the Company which may from time to time be bought back by the Company pursuant to the approval granted under resolution 6 above to the general mandate granted under resolution 5 above."

### **Special Resolution**

8. To consider and, if though fit, pass the following resolution as a special resolution:

#### "THAT:

- (a) the existing bye-laws of the Company be and are hereby amended in the manner set out in Appendix III to the circular of the Company dated 26 April 2023 (a copy of which has been submitted to the meeting and signed by the chairman of the meeting for the purpose of identification);
- (b) the amended and restated bye-laws of the Company in the form of the document marked "A" and produced to the meeting and for the purpose of identification signed by the chairman of the meeting, which consolidates all of the proposed amendments referred to above in sub-paragraph (a) above be approved and adopted as the bye-laws of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of the existing bye-laws of the Company with immediate effect after the close of the meeting, and that any director or the company secretary of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all things necessary to implement the adoption of the new amended and restated bye-laws of the Company; and
- (c) any one director or officer of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts and things and execute all such documents, deeds and make all such arrangements that he/ she shall, in his/her absolute discretion, deem necessary or expedient to give effect to the proposed amendments to the existing bye-laws of the Company and the adoption of the new amended and restated bye-laws of the Company."

By order of the Board CNT Group Limited Fok Pik Yi, Carol Company Secretary

Hong Kong, 26 April 2023

### **APPENDIX IV**

Notes:

- 1. Any member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint another person as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 2. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a certified copy of such power of attorney or authority shall be delivered to the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote or any adjournment thereof (as the case may be).
- 3. The register of members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 1 June 2023 to Tuesday, 6 June 2023, both days inclusive, during the period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to be entitled to attend and vote at the annual general meeting of the Company, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 31 May 2023.
- 4. The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 12 June 2023 to Tuesday, 13 June 2023, both days inclusive, during the period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 9 June 2023.
- 5. No refreshments will be served at the annual general meeting of the Company.
- 6. The translation into Chinese language of this notice is for reference only. In case of any inconsistency, the English version shall prevail.